Decatur Weekly Republican.

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The Weekly Republican.

OFFICIAL CITY AND COUNTY PAPER.

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3 sqrs	3 60	4 50	5 40	6 30	9 00	12 00	17 40
4 sqrs	4 80	6 00	6 90	7 80	12 00	16 80	20 00
[illegible]	6 00	7 50	8 70	9 70	15 00	20 00	30 00
[illegible]	8 40	10 50	12 60	14 00	22 00	30 00	40 00
[illegible]	10 80	13 50	16 00	18 00	27 00	38 00	60 00
[illegible]	12 00	17 00	21 00	25 00	35 00	50 00	75 00
1 col	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	48 00	60 00	100 00

F. L. CLEMENTS, postmaster at Blue Mound, Illinois, is our authorized agent at that place to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same. Subscribers who receive their papers at that postoffice can learn the amount of their indebtedness by inquiring of Mr. Clements.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

ANATOMICAL cuts adorn Frank Haines' boards at present.

MOSQUITOES are a hungry crowd these September evenings and their clamor for food is most annoying.

KATE CLAXTON won first money in a ¾ mile dash at Boston yesterday. Time—1.19.

UNCLE BILLY YOUNG has returned to his idols, and now worships at the Democratic altar with as much devotion as if he had never donned the blue. Billy is a wayward youth.

MR. JOHN ULLRICH has bought the corner lot on Water and Prairie streets, next to the furniture store, and will in the spring put up a fine business building on the site.

MR. H. F. DILLEHUNT left with us today some very fine samples of ripe corn from his field. The ears are very large in size and filled to the tip.

Do you desire cheeks with roses of health upon them, if you want that peculiar brilliancy of complexion so prized by ladies and admired by everybody, if in a word, you want that perfection of physical appearance that pure blood insures, use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

THE wretched condition of some of the sidewalks on North Main street will necessitate doing something to them before long. At several points the walks are exceedingly dangerous to go over after night, and unless they are repaired the city may have broken limbs to settle for or other damage to pay.

JOSHUA BAKER keeps at his fruit stand the choicest collection of fruits to be found anywhere. Peaches the largest, apples the mellowest, pears the most luscious, grapes the richest, bananas the yellowest, lemons the sourest, oranges the sweetest, peanuts the brownest, candy the stickiest, cigars the smokingest—and that's the way with everything that Josh. keeps. Give him a call.

A. R. Arbuckle, Esq., of Macon, has removed to Decatur, and opened a law office, over Einstein's store. Mr. Arbuckle has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Macon for several years, and has made many friends there. We give him a hearty welcome to Decatur, and bespeak for him a successful business.

MAMMOTH SPECIMENS.—The display of fruit in the REPUBLICAN office to-day was enlarged by a contribution of pears, of the Duchess d'Angouleme variety, from Mr. George Leiby. They are monsters in size, and of very fine flavor.

MAMMOTH TOMATOES.—Mr. Frank Leforgee laid upon our table to-day a quartette of tomatoes on one stem which weigh three lbs. and four ounces. They are the boss so far as anything we have ever seen in that line is concerned.

EXAMINATIONS.—There will be an examination of pupils for admission to the high school, on Thursday and Friday, Sept 5th and 6th, at 9 o'clock in the morning, sharp.

MORE MAMMOTH FRUIT.—The latest contributions to the REPUBLICAN office fruit display are from the orchard of Mr. O. L. Stuart, of Whitmore. Late Crawford peaches measuring 10½ inches, and apples that girth 11 inches, show that Mr. Stuart is a good fruit raiser.

FURTHER CONTRIBUTIONS.—The report of the Janes Chapel contribution for the yellow fever sufferers was not brought in in time for our paper yesterday, and it is therefore given to-day, the amount being $10. The Good Templars' festival of Friday night netted $37 00. This gives an aggregate of $292 47 from Decatur thus far.

BIGGER YET.—Last evening Mr. D. S. McGurthy, who lives on West Cerro Gordo street, laid upon our table a trio of peaches, the largest of which measured 10½ inches in circumference. They are of the late Crawford variety, and are as "pretty as a peach." They are a little ahead of any left with us up to date.

BRANCHING OUT.

More Room Needed for an Increasing Trade.

A card published in another part of this paper announces the formation of a new firm in the jewelry business in Decatur. Mr. Edgar F. Ewing has become a partner of Otto E. Curtis, and the firm will hereafter be Curtis & Ewing. It is scarcely necessary for us to say much of the senior partner of the firm. He has been in the jewelry line in this city for more than ten years, and in that time has succeeded, by strict attention to business and a determination to please, in building up a trade that would do no discredit to a much larger place than Decatur. Mr. Ewing, the new partner, is one of our best-known and most popular young men, and we predict for him a successful business career.

It is the intention of the new firm to largely increase their business. Messrs. Curtis & Ewing start for Chicago to-night to purchase the fixtures necessary for their increased business, and as soon as the room is at their disposal they will proceed at once to fit up the place in the most elegant manner.

Persons familiar with the members composing the firm, and their connections, need not be told that it is an exceptionally strong combination, and entirely able to carry on an extensive business.—Being prepared to buy for cash they are enabled to take advantage of the market and make their purchases when and where they can do so to the best advantage. The public will not be slow to perceive how much this will be to the advantage of patrons of the firm.

We wish the new firm every success.

DROWNED AT PARIS.—On Saturday last Mr. Marion Johnson, a farmer living a few miles from Paris, who had spent the day in town, started for home with his team, having another man in the wagon with him. On their way home they had to cross Sugar Creek, and as there had been a heavy rain in the afternoon, the creek was much swollen, rendering the ford unsafe. The man with Mr. Johnson tried to persuade him to drive around by the bridge, which was about a mile further, but all to no purpose, he was determined to cross at the ford. They had got part way over when the strong current swept the team down stream and under some timbers that lay across the stream, and Mr Johnson and the horses were drowned. The other man succeeded in gaining the bank of the creek.—Johnson's body was found on Sunday morning, and was buried in the afternoon of the same day. He was a man of intemperate habits, and was intoxicated when he started home on Saturday.

YELLOW FEVER SUFFERERS—RELIEF FROM DECATUR.—According to notice previously given collections were taken in the several churches of the city yesterday for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers at the South, and below we give a statement of the amount realized from all sources as far as can be ascertained:

Presbyterian Church, $125.50, First M. E. Church, $47.47; Christian Church, $17.50, Stapp's Chapel, $15, Episcopal Church, $20.

FINGERS TRIMMED.—Mr. T. L. Antrim met with an uncomfortable accident yesterday while at work in the furniture factory. He was using a machine known as the universal wood worker, and by some means the two middle fingers of his left hand came in contact with the sharp edge of the machine, clipping off the end of one finger, taking the nail clean, and splitting the end of the other, cutting through the nail. Mr. A. finds it convenient to carry his hand in a sling, and it will be some days before he can use it.

CAMP MEETING AT MECHANICSBURG.—The Wabash road will give excursion rates from all points between Jacksonville and Decatur to Buffalo, during the continuance of the camp meeting to be held near Mechanicsburg, in David Hall's Grove, commencing on Thursday, Sept. 5th, and closing on the 13th. The meeting will be in charge of Rev. W. H. Webster, presiding elder of the Springfield district. We presume a goodly number of people from Decatur will go down in the course of the meeting.

One Thousand Feed Baskets, for half price, at ABEL & LOCKE'S Carpet Store.

Aug. 22-w4w

Juvenile Temple.—There will be a meeting of the Juvenile Temple on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at Good Templars' hall. All members, and those wishing to join, should be on hand. The officers especially should turn out.

A "New White" Sewing Machine will be given as a premium at the county fair by George P. Blume, for the best display of machine sewing done by any lady of this county—not less than twenty to compete. Aug20-d&wtf

Crochet Goods, Ladies' Zephyr Shawls, Children's Dresses and Sacques, a large stock is always to be found at

M. GOLDBURG'S,

Aug. 20—d&wtf No. 8, Merchant-st.

For Sale.—A one-year 15-16th grade Alderney bull calf. Apply to

G. S. DURFEE & BRO.

Aug. 20—w1m d2w

From Monday's Daily.

THE HENKLE TRIAL.

The Jury ask for Further Instructions—Being Unable to Agree they are Discharged.

About ten o'clock yesterday the jury in the Henkle case sent for the Judge, saying that they wished to communicate with him. His honor came to the court-room as soon as possible, and the jury was called in. Mrs. Henkle, who was in the sheriff's office, was brought in upon a lounge, she still being unable to sit up.

The jury submitted to the court the following questions

In case a verdict of guilty should be found could the term of imprisonment be fixed at a less number of years than 14?

In answer to this question the court read the instructions upon that point, which were to the effect that if a verdict of guilty was found the jury must make the penalty some number of years between 14 and the natural life of defendant.

It was also asked by the jurors whether they could have the affidavit of Mrs. Pitts?

To which the court gave a negative response

Another juror wished to know whether the instructions were to be regarded as evidence, or as argument of counsel, or as the instructions of the court himself?

The answer was that the instructions to the jury were the law by which they were to be guided in making up their verdict.

The jury then returned to their room for further deliberation.

During the balance of the day attorneys and others were on the watch, and up to nine o'clock the officers having the jury in charge were bored with the inquiry, "Have they agreed yet?" Early this morning the same line of questions was renewed.

About half-past eight o'clock one of the jurors informed the officer that they would like to communicate with the court, and about nine o'clock Judge Nelson came in and had the jury called before him.

Upon being asked what they desired, the Foreman responded that they had found themselves unable to agree upon a verdict, and that there was no prospect of an agreement. Whereupon the court informed them that he did not feel authorized to discharge them at present, and that they might return to their room and resume their deliberations.

Soon after noon the jury again asked to be admitted into court, and upon entering they assured the judge that they had made no progress toward an agreement, and there was no prospect of getting any nearer together in their opinions, whereupon they were discharged by order of court.

Defendant's counsel then moved that she be admitted to bail, which was granted by the court, the bail being fixed at $3,000.

In conversation with the jurors it was ascertained that they stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal, and that they had stood that way since Saturday evening.

IMPORTANT.

The following has been handed us for publication, and any person having knowledge of emigrants who answered the description of the men referred to in this card will address the subscriber:

FOUND MURDERED.

On Friday, August 23, 1878, near Cahoka, Clark county, Missouri, a man of medium size, 35 or 40 years old; considerably bald; dark hair; weight about 160 lbs; light side whiskers; false teeth in upper jaw—eye tooth on left side gone out of false teeth; dark gray jean pants, white drawers. He is supposed to be an emigrant.

Suspicion rests upon an emigrant—a man going to Kansas or Nebraska, about 30 years old, average size, auburn hair and moustache, heavy set, considerable of a talker; driving two good mules, off one a light bay or sorrel, near one a dark brown, leather fly-nets on mules, with a two-horse wagon with cover on and cultivator tongue tied on side of bed, said to have plows in wagon with a very large valise; was leading a good bay horse heavy built with cover on of common sheeting; had a double-barrel shot-gun and revolver; said that a young man started with him but left him on the road and went around by Jacksonville, Ills., to see his girl, and was to meet him at Elveston, Ill., on Wednesday, Aug. 21st, but failed to come. It is supposed that he murdered his partner. Any one knowing anything of the murdered man or the one traveling with the mule team will please report the facts. The supposition is that the murdered man is from your county. Address

G. N. SANSOM,
Cahoka, Clark county, Mo.

From Monday's Daily.

OFF FOR COLORADO.—This morning Mr. Henry F. May and wife and child, accompanied by Mrs. May's sister, started for Colorado, with a two-horse spring wagon. The trip is made for the benefit of Mrs. M.'s health, which has been quite poor for some time. It is hoped that the journey and mountain air of Colorado will do her good. They expect to be gone about sixty days. Mr. Geo. Ward, of Wheatland, and his family, also Rice Logan and a son of Mr. John Stickel, of Long Creek, will go in company with Mr. May.

The Largest and best selected stock of *Berlin Zephyrs, Shetland Wool, Germantown Yarns, and Crewels in all shades and colors,* and the place to buy such goods is at M. GOLDBURG'S,

Aug. 20—d&wtf No. 8 Merchant-st.

MACON COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.

August Term, 1878.

MONDAY, SEPT. 2.

Court convened at 9 o'clock, and acted upon the following cases:

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Augustus Harpstrite vs. Fred. Aholtz, et al.; foreclosure. Report of master approved. [In a second case with the same parties exceptions were taken to master's report.]

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

The People vs. Wm. Anderson: burglary and larceny. On a plea of guilty to first count previously entered defendant was sentenced to the penitentiary for 18 months.

Same vs. Jas. W. Clark; keeping house of ill-fame. Continued.

Same vs. John McDonald and James W. Clark; gaming. Continued; alias capias as to McDonald.

Same vs. Edward Conley; larceny. On plea of guilty previously entered defendant sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

Same vs. Edward Pease; larceny. On plea of guilty to petit larceny defendant was sentenced to county jail for ten days.

Same vs. Margaret Henkle; murder.—The jury failing to agree, they were discharged by the court. On motion of defendant's counsel she was admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000.

Court then took a recess.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 3.

Court convened at 10 o'clock A. M., Judge C. B. Smith presiding. The following cases received attention:

Henry Bleuz vs. William S. Mortlland et al; ejectment. Continued.

The Trustees of Lincoln University vs. Fannie Wilson; assumpsit. Dismissed by plaintiff.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

In the matter of the petition of Lowber Burrows; chancery. Heard by court and decree.

John Williams et al vs. Charles W. Aikin et al; foreclosure. Report of sale approved.

Joseph C. Tucker vs. Zach. Boughn; chancery. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Marshall Randall vs. Joseph M. Scott et al; foreclosure. Report of sale approved.

AID FOR THE SUFFERERS.

Open Your Purses.

The reports from the fever stricken districts of the South continue to increase the story of suffering and destitution. At this distance from the scene it is almost impossible to appreciate the depth of misery into which the people of that unfortunate section have been plunged. The need is great, and it will in all probability continue for six weeks or two months to come. In their dire distress the people of the afflicted portions of the country appeal to their more fortunate fellow-citizens of the North for the means to alleviate their sufferings, and they should not appeal in vain. The churches of Decatur have contributed handsomely, but the amount raised on Sunday is no proper measure of the generosity of our people, many of whom have not yet had any opportunity to contribute. Mr. J. G. Starr has placed in our hands the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents, collected by him from a few of his friends, and we propose to send the amount to that noble charity, the Howard Association, together with any additional sums that may be contributed between now and to-morrow evening. Persons who did not contribute through the church collections on Sunday can leave their donations at the REPUBLICAN office, and they will be forwarded as above.

In view of the necessities of the case there ought to be some united and systematic action upon the part of our citizens to raise funds for this purpose. A public meeting ought to be called, and steps taken to swell our contributions to a sum equal to those contributed by other cities similarly situated. Let the movement be inauguarted without delay.

Fresh Oysters have Come, and Wood's Restaurant is now open for the season—the only *first-class* place in the city where you can get a nice dish of oysters

Sept. 2-d1mw3m

NEW CIDER.—Mr. John W. Winsor has removed his cider mill from the Edwin Walton farm to Harristown, where he has greatly improved it by substituting steam for horse power. He will now be prepared to furnish genuine cider vinegar to Decatur people, and everybody else at reasonable prices. He will also buy all the cider apples farmers may have to spare.

OUR COUNTY FAIR.—We are now within three weeks of our county fair and there is no time to waste on the part of those who propose to furnish articles for exhibition. The immense crops of grain and fruit which the country has produced will enable our farmers to make a grand display. We hope they will make the most of the fruits of their fields and turn out en masse.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES.

Dr. Price has been years perfecting these exquisite odors. They are not given a title that does not belong to them, but called just what they are—Unique Perfumes, and the makers are not ashamed of their name or afraid to allow them to stand on their own merits.

AN APPEAL TO THE EMPLOYES OF THE ILLINOIS CENT. R. R.

Below we give a circular addressed by Mr. Jacobs, Division Superintendent of the Illinois Central Railroad, at Amboy, to the employes of the road, soliciting aid from them for the yellow fever sufferers, embodying a circular from the Vice President of the road, James C. Clark, addressed to Mr. Jacobs. The circular indicates a most general and kindly feeling on the part of the officials named, and it will, doubtless, meet with a hearty response on the part of the employes:

ILLINOIS CENT. R. R. COMPANY,
DIV'SN SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
AMBOY, ILL., Aug. 30, 1878.

To Agents, Trainmen and other Employes: GENTLEMEN—

I am this day in receipt of the following communication from Vice Pres't. Jas. C. Clarke. Mr. Clarke, holding as he does, the position of General Manager of this company's lines south of Cairo, no doubt fully understands the merits and needs of this case, and knows whereof he speaks—

OFFICE OF VICE PRESIDENT I. C. R. R. Co.
Chicago, Aug. 29, 1878.

John C. Jacobs, Div'sn Sup't, Amboy Ills.

MY DEAR SIR: You will see by the enclosed circular that an effort is being made to relieve the people who are suffering from yellow fever, in the localities where they have been so severely visited. This is really a meritorious and humane thing to do. I wish you would as far as you deem it consistent, urge upon our employes to aid in this most laudable and christian charity. I am sure that if I could see every one of them personally and tell them how much these people have suffered, and how many empty chairs and sad homes there are in these fever stricken districts to-day, that each one would feel that he was able to do something to relieve his fellow men. A new life had seemed to have over taken these people of the South generally without regard to class or condition, until within the last few weeks when the terrible scourge of yellow fever again made its appearance for the first time to any extent since 1867. The contributions which may be made are intended to relieve all, both white and black. The poor negro is very dependent. Business is paralyzed, labor ceases to find employment and want and hunger are knocking at every door. I shall be glad to know my old friends and associates in the service of the Illinois Central Railroad have contributed what they feel able to give under these circumstances.

Sincerely trusting that they may continue to enjoy the blessings of good health,

Yours very truly,
[Signed] JAS. C. CLARKE, Vice Pres't.

From the above it will be seen the object of this circular letter is to solicit your aid in this truly worthy cause. In conversation with other employes of this division it was thought this aid could be better secured through a concerted plan of action. A committee will visit you in a day or two for the purpose of receiving your contributions, when it is to be hoped that each person will contribute such an amount as he feels able to give, resting assured the same will be placed in the channel where it will reach the sufferers with the least possible delay.

Agents will canvass other respective stations and obtain from their employes their offerings, holding same until the general canvasser arrives. In towns in which no general relief work is being done, it might be well to work the matter up, with those not in the service; and if any contributions are received they will be duly forwarded, and proper credit given for the same.

Appealing to your generosity in this matter, I am, yours very truly,

JNO. C. JACOBS,
Div'n Sup't.

Palatable, Powerful, Antiperiodic and Tonic.—All the necessaries of a great popular remedy are combined in Clifford's Febrifuge. As a tonic, in debilitated states of the system, this remedy stands pre-eminently at the head. Yet it is more than is usually understood by that term, for no other preparation known exercises an eradicating power over intermittent diseases at all comparable with it. As it is probable that, in the intervals of the paroxysms of these diseases a train of morbid actions is going out of our sight, so it is equally probable that this remedy produces in the same system an action equally mysterious, which supersedes that of the malady, and thus accomplishes the restoration of the patient.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop'r,
For sale by all druggists. St. Louis.
Aug 15 d&w1m.

REOPENING OF THE SCHOOLS.—On Monday, Sept. 9th, the city schools will reopen for the fall term. Attention is called to the notice of examination of pupils for admission to the high school, which appears in another place.

A LARGE DOCKET.—The indictments found by the grand jury during this term of court have increased the criminal docket in the circuit court largely. The cases on the docket at the opening of the August term of court were mostly continued, and the continued cases, with the new ones, make a docket of more than ordinary dimensions. Some of the new cases will probably be tried this term, but most of them will go over to December.

From Wednesday's Daily.

PULLED.—Last night the police made a raid on a house on Church street south of Wood, kept by a woman giving the name of Mary Daily. The police gobbled the woman and three men and lodged them in the calaboose. This morning they were brought before Justice Wood, the woman on the charge of keeping a house of ill-fame, and the men on a charge of being inmates thereof. They were fined twenty-five dollars each.

MARRIED.

In this city, Aug. 15, 1878, by Rev. L. Field, MR. JACOB SEITZ and MRS. MARY A. BAKER, both of Oakley township.

On the morning of Wednesday, Sept. 4th, by Justice J. L. Peake, at his office, MR. SAMUEL BLANKENSHIP and MISS SARAH E. MCVEY, both of Mosquito township, Christian county.

Also, at the same time and place, MR. WM. C. DAVIS and MISS LAURA J. JACOBS, both of Mosquito township, Christian county.

Grand Firemen's Tournament!

A GALA DAY FOR THE GARDEN CITY.

An Immense and Magnificent Procession—The Rescue Hose Boys of Decatur Lead the 4th Division.

From Wednesday's Daily.

It was expected that the holding of the State and National Firemen's Tournament at Chicago at the same time would draw together a large crowd of people, especially as it was to take place in the opening week of the Chicago Exposition, but the gathering of the multitudes from near and far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the people, and the display made by the grand opening procession yesterday morning exceeded in magnificence anything that has been witnessed in the Garden City for a long time. The presence of the President of the United States was calculated to add eclat and grandeur to the occasion. His Excellency and party were met outside the city by a delegation of soldiers and the reception committee, and as the train bearing the Presidential party pulled into the depot it was greeted by thousands of people, who were straining their necks to get a view of the distinguished visitors. As the President alighted from the car the crowd cheered vigorously, and a band in attendance struck up the President's March, while the Presidential party took the carriages awaiting them. From the depot the party was taken to the Grand Pacific hotel under escort of the Sixth Battallion. Here breakfast was served, and the party rested, preparatory to joining the grand opening procession.

At about 10 o'clock the military, fire companies, and other associations that were to form in line, began to gather at the point of rendezvous, and formed with the head of the line resting on State street. Over an hour was occupied in getting the several divisions of the grand column in position, and at half past eleven the procession began to move.

The first division consisted of the fire marshals of Chicago, headed by Chief Marshal Benner and the police of the city, numbering 320, under the lead of Superintendent Seavy.

The second division was composed of the First Brigade of the Illinois State Militia, under the lead of Brigadier General J. T. Torrence, and the Presidential party, the former acting as escort to the latter. The President rode in the carriage next to the military, and seated with him were Gov Cullom and Mr. Geo. M. Howe, chairman of the executive committee on entertainment of the President. His Excellency was greeted with enthusiastic cheers as he passed along the route of the procession, which he acknowledged with bows to right and left.

The third division was composed of the visiting firemen from other States, with Chief C. V. R. Pond, of Battle Creek, Mich., as Marshal. In this division were companies from Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin and Iowa.

The 4th division embraced the fire companies from the country towns of Illinois, and was under the lead of J. A. Boynton, of Monmouth, and among his aids was Capt. H. P. Christie, of Decatur. This division was headed by the Rescue Hose boys, of Decatur, W. W. Foster, Captain. It was remarked by all that this part of the procession made a fine appearance, and the bearing of the men indicated their ability to do some tall running today.

The Chicago fire insurance patrol department constituted the fifth division, with visiting firemen from Philadelphia and New York.

The sixth and last division was composed of the Mexican war veterans, the Chicago volunteer fire department of early days, visiting firemen of cities and states not represented by companies, and the Chicago fire department of the present, all under the First Ass't. Chief Fire Marshal, D. J. Sweenie.

The sidewalks along the route of the procession were densely packed and every window overlooking the streets was full of faces. The column was about three miles long and occupied nearly an hour in passing a given point. As it passed the exposition building, it was reviewed by the President, who after going through the building, returned with his attendants to the Grand Pacific Hotel, where they dined and where a grand reception was given his excellency last evening.

This forenoon come off the state tests for speed, and this afternoon takes place the National tournament.

DECATUR BOYS AHEAD.

A dispatch received here by Henry Elwood at 1:30 o'clock, indicating the bids upon the different companies at the pool selling, states that 8 was offered for Rescue Hose and six for Eldorado. No other company stood above four.

LATER—The following dispatch was received at 3:30 this afternoon by C. M. Imboden:

The No. Ones are beaten for the State prize.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER.

It has been the leading [illegible] powder for years. It has gained its popularity from its being the most [illegible] powder made. It is prepared [illegible] refined materials. For [illegible] and healthfulness IT STA[illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 5, 1878.

EX-GOVERNOR PALMER, of Illinois, in respect to the democratic clamor for inflation, says: "The democrats have been out of power so long that many of them are ready to seize upon anything that promises to bring them success."

THE state board of agriculture makes the following estimates of the acreage and yield of winter wheat in Illinois:—Acreage in 1877, 1,736,301; in 1878, 2,032,843. Average yield per acre in 1878, 14¼ bushels; total yield this year, 30,013,147 bushels. Total value of the crop of winter wheat this year, $23,870,357. Average price per bushel on the 1st of August, 80 cents.

GEN. J. H. WILSON, in regretting his inability to attend the soldiers re-union at Pittsfield, penned this sentence, which deserves to be written in letters of gold: "But do not forget in your kindness of heart that we were right, and the rebels were wrong. Teach this to your children." Men who utter such patriotic sentiments should not be charged with "shaking the bloody shirt."

AN exchange paper says that it is noticed at Memphis that the yellow fever has appeared along the line of the bayou which, with its branches, penetrates the city and receives the entire drainage of that large place. The fact that this bayou is nearly dry during the summer is sufficient explanation of the spread of the disease at this time. Yellow fever spreads the most rapidly in the filthiest localities.

IN the yellow fever season at New Orleans in 1853 there were recorded up to the 24th of August 5,920 deaths from that disease. Up to the same date this year there were reported 577 deaths. Bad as the present situation is, it cannot be compared with that of years like 1853. The city is in better condition now than then, and yet the New Orleans papers agree that it is as bad as it well can be. The question is, if proper sanitary regulations were enforced, would not New Orleans escape the terrible scourge altogether?

THE "nationals" appear to be "petering out," speaking after the manner of men. The Chicago *Journal* takes this correct view of their pretensions:—"Whatever other candidates may be elected, those of the 'nationals' stand not the ghost of a chance of success, and the few persons who are weak-minded enough to be duped into casting their votes for them might as well at once go to the most convenient lunatic asylum and seek to be cured of their insanity. The contest is now, as it has been hitherto, between the Republican and the Democratic candidates, and any person who doesn't see this is to be pitied."

IF the Springfield *Gazette* speaks the truth, Mr. Tracy, the democratic candidate for representative in Sangamon county, is an original genius. He is a member of the board of supervisors, and on one occasion the board went into "committee of the whole," with Tracy in the chair. When the business of the committee had "ended, and a motion 'that the committee rise and report progress' had been carried, he insisted that according to the motion it was the duty of each member to "rise," and he made them all get up. Some one made the point of order that the committee had not "asked leave to sit again." Tracy was equal to the emergency by deciding that according to the fundamental law each member was "entitled to his seat." Such is the Sangamon county democratic candidate for representative.

A NEW YORK paper observes that although some of the western farmers may not find their granaries quite as full as they expected before the harvesting began, the demand for American grain seems to be stronger, both in England and on the continent of Europe, than it was supposed it would be after the close of the tussle between the Russians and the Turks. It appears that the great stores of Russian wheat shut up at Odessa and other ports on the Black Sea while the war lasted were considerably damaged, and cargoes despatched to London are arriving there in a heated, unsalable condition; so that for the present, at least, Odessa wheat is not likely to be eagerly sought at the highest prices by buyers in western Europe. According to the *Mark Lane Express*, the American product just now has the upper hand of the Muscovite in

THE question of the right of women to seats in the British Parliament is likely to be tested. The Liberals of Southwick, England, propose to elect Miss Helen Taylor as their representative in the House of Commons. Should she be elected, of course stubborn resistance would be made to admitting her to the seat, but her supporters say she could follow the example of Mr. Salomons, when elected for Greenwich, before the disabilities of the Jews were removed—she can make frequent attempts to take her seat; and although she would be as often removed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, it would enable her to make a strong protest against the exclusion of women from Parliament.

THE Boston correspondent of the New York *Times* believes that if there is alarm anywhere in Massachusetts over Butler's movements, it is in the ranks of the old-line Democrats. On this point the correspondent says: "It is well understood that the bargain between the old schemer and some of the younger Democratic leaders is completed, he to throw his strength into the Congressional districts to secure as full a Democratic delegation in Congress from this state as possible, they to so influence the caucuses and the Democratic State Convention that no nomination for Governor shall be made, and Butler have a clear field to fight with the straight-out Republican candidate."

A DEMOCRATIC exchange says, "The Alabama election, by the way, was quiet, peaceful and orderly," which reminds one of the quotation: "They make a desert and call it peace." Such of the negroes as were not brutally whipped or riddled with shot, prudently staid away from the polls. With the election a one-sided affair, as is the case in a majority of the southern states, it is no wonder that there is quiet and peace and order. The southern Democrats claim and receive a representation in Congress for every colored vote while excluding the voter, unless he happens to be a Democrat.

IT is evident that the Republicans of Illinois are satisfied that the present is not the time to take for Congress new and inexperienced men. Of the nineteen congressional nominations to be made the Republicans have already placed candidates in the field for twelve, and in every case but one where the present incumbent is a Republican they have renominated him. This is as it should be. In the next Congress we need men of experience in legislative matters. If the next House is Republican, we need them in order that liberal legislation may be adopted, and if the next House should unfortunately be Democratic, there will be still greater need for men who are thoroughly posted in Parliamentary and legislative tactics who will be able to make an efficient stand against the revolutionary measures of the majority, should such measures be attempted. The West, in this respect, is learning wisdom from the South and East. Those sections have always exercised more power in the national legislation simply because of the fact that they have kept men of experience in both Houses of Congress. A new member of Congress, no matter how wise or profound he may be, is a mere cipher. He cannot expect to be placed upon important committees, nor has he any chance to show what he can do. The influence of men like Garfield, of Ohio, is almost unbounded, not so much on account of their overshadowing wisdom, but because of their extensive experience in legislative matters. Such men, too, have influence in the various departments of the government that new men cannot expect to exert. Let the West once adopt the custom of returning men to Congress, term after term, and soon it will have a corps of Legislators which will be trained in the service, and which will give to the West an added power and influence in the councils of the nation.—*Bloomington Leader.*

A Life Riddle Solved.

Once upon a time, the conversation having turned, in presence of Dr. Franklin, upon riches, and a young person in the company having expressed his surprise that they ever should be attended with such anxiety and solicitude, instancing one of his acquaintances, who, though in possession of unbounded wealth, yet was as busy and more anxious than the most assiduous clerk in his counting-house. The Doctor took an apple from a fruit-basket and presented it to a little child, who could just totter about the room. The child could scarcely grasp it in its hand. He then gave it another which occupied the other hand. Then choosing a third, remarkable in size and beauty, he presented that also. The child, after many ineffectual attempts to hold the three, dropped the last one on the carpet and burst into tears.

"See there," said the philosopher, "there is a little man with more riches than he can enjoy!"

THE UNION IRON WORKS.—This establishment is doing a rattling business in the manufacture of corn-shellers and cleaners. One day this week $1,500 worth of shellers and cleaners were sold. That's a pretty lively trade for hard times, and indicates wonderful popularity on the part of the sheller and cleaner turned out

What Secretary Sherman Wants.

The speech made by Secretary Sherman at Toledo on Monday is justly considered of great importance as coming from the chief financial officer of the government. It was, of course, devoted to financial subjects, and in his opening remarks the Secretary gave the following statement of his view upon the question of the amount of currency to be kept in circulation. He said:

What I want is the largest amount of currency that can be maintained at par with the established coin of the country. From the diversity of our wants we must have different kinds of money, to measure great wants and little wants. We must have coin money and paper money, and plenty of both. What I contend for is that, though our money may be of many kinds, it must all have the same purchasing power. The essential qualities of all good money are stability, equality and convertibility.—The dollar of one kind should buy as much as the dollar of any other kind.—Depreciated money cheats the ignorant and the unwary, and enriches the money changer. The poor man whose dependence is upon his daily labor, is the victim of depreciated money, for he must take what is offered, and is always paid in the poorest money. No distinction should be made between coin money and paper money, or between the note holder and the bondholder. The money provided by the government should pay all debts and be used for all debts. Subject to these conditions, I am for the largest amount of each kind of money demanded for the wants of business, and if you will agree with me in these general propositions there will be no quarrel between us.

"SAM" ETTER.

In Kankakee county resides a teacher who claims to have received a circular from S. M. Etter, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, containing a list of the questions to be asked of persons applying for a teacher's state certificate. These lists of questions are always kept secret, being used only by the state examiners. Accompanying this circular was a note from Etter thanking the teacher for having aided his election in 1874, and hoping to receive like assistance this year. The *Gazette* vouches for the reliability of the person making the statement, and its exposure ought to defeat Etter for re-election. The Democratic party ought to look into the matter.—*Pontiac Sentinel.*

If the foregoing statement be true, honest men of all parties should cast their votes against S. M. Etter, that he may no longer disgrace the position which he now occupies. The demand for a faithful and honest discharge of the duties of this, the most important of our public offices, is too imperative to admit of such flagrant violations of law, not to say duty.—*Lexon Home Journal.*

Reductio ad Absurdum.

From the Dayton (O.) Journal.

A wheelbarrow is a poor man's enemy, quoth the new party, because it is a labor-saving machine. It carries as much in a load as two Irishmen can carry, and does it easier, be jabers. And by that same token a hod is a poor man's enemy, because it carries more than a man can carry in his hands. An omnibus is an outrage on workingmen's rights, because it carries so many more people than a cart, and a railway train, for the same reason, is an abomination.

"ITCHING PILES."

"I WAS A GREAT SUFFERER from Itching Piles, the itching at times was almost intolerable, particularly at night, when undressing, or after getting warm in bed. I tried prescriptions almost innumerable without finding any permanent relief, until I used 'Swayne's All-healing Ointment,' which has made a perfect cure."—Joseph W. Christ, (firm of Roedel & Christ) boot and shoe house, 344 North Second street, Philadelphia. Reader, if you are suffering with this distressing complaint, or any scaly, crusty skin disease, tetter, &c., use "Swayne's Ointment" and be cured. Fifty cents a box. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. All leading druggists sell it. "Dr. Swayne's Medicines have a world-wide reputation." apr22dlyeod

KANSAS LAND.

Parties having western land to sell or exchange for Macon county property, will find it to their interest to call and see Overmire & Kaufman, Real Estate Agents of Decatur, as they have considerable property on their books for trade. Aug. 8-d2w3

MORE TRIMMING.—The large shade trees on the south side of K. H. Roby's lot on North Water street, have undergone a top trimming that will render the shade afforded by them a little "thin" for the balance of this season, but in the course of a year or two the tops will be much handsomer, and will afford a denser shade than before.

WHY THE HAIR FALLS OUT,

AND HOW TO RESTORE ITS STRENGTH AND COLOR.—Each hair is secreted by a little vesicle or gland, the latter being nourished by a small blood-vessel. As long as these blood-vessels furnish sufficient encouragement the hair will continue to grow; but if from disease or other cause they become torpid or obstructed, the hair will necessarily become dry and fall off. It is here the wonderful virtues of "London Hair-Color Restorer" are manifested, as its tonic properties excite these hair follicles to increased activity and completely restore the scalp to a healthy condition, and a fine growth of hair in its natural youthful color is sure to be the result. Apart from its tonic and coloring qualities, "London Hair-Color Restorer" is the most cleanly and lasting of all hair dressings, making it indispensable on the toilet of every lady and gentleman. Sold at 75 cents a bottle by all leading druggists.

FINANCIAL HERESIES.

It is amusing to read some of the many theories put forth with respect to money. Because the legal tender silver dollar is accounted worth more than the trade dollar, although the latter has the greater value of silver in it, and because it is worth more simply on account of its legal tender quality, some men are led to believe that the legal tender stamp of the government is all which is necessary to make any money good.—They argue that neither silver nor gold is money, and nothing but the "fiat" of the government in the shape of the stamp of the government mint can make it money. They admit that gold and silver have a commercial value, and so have wheat, rye and oats, but the latter are not articles which can be coined into money, while the two precious metals can be, and they can be coined so as to really make their legal tender value greater than their commercial value.

Arguing from this point, these financial theorists hold that the government's stamp or "fiat" is the all-powerful agent in the making of money, and that commercial values have nothing to do with the matter. According to them the government's fiat is final and absolute.

A greater and more absurd mistake was never made. The Government can not coin one piece of silver and declare it to be a dollar, and another piece of the same size and value, commercially, and declare it to be five dollars, and have the two circulate, one as a dollar, and the other as five dollars. No "fiat" under heaven can do it. No Government in modern times is so thoroughly foolish as to attempt it. If a certain amount of gold is required to have a legal tender coin pass for five dollars, exactly four times that amount of gold must be used to make a legal tender coin pass as twenty dollars. This is so obvious to the common sense of our citizens that we need not argue it.

Now, then, for men claiming to be possessed of common sense, to declare the government can stamp one piece of paper as a dollar, another of the same size and character as fifty dollars, still another as five hundred dollars, and yet another is one thousand dollars, and then force such pieces of paper into circulation, without any promise of future redemption, claiming for them absolute value, according as they are stamped, is something so absurd that we can hardly credit the fact. And yet fact it is. We have men in our midst to-day who credit the United States Government with the ability and power to make something out of nothing, or something out of what is next to nothing. It seems to us that such men have sunk to a point beyond the reach of reason, and deserve only ridicule and contempt.—*Peoria Transcript.*

WHEN Schuyler Colfax was asked whether he proposed to be a candidate for Congress in his district, on the Greenback ticket, he replied in the negative, giving his reasons at some length, and concluded as follows:

"To be frank with you, however, I must add that having been a 'greenbacker' from the outset, and having for a long period vindicated greenbacks before the people, when many who now claim to be their special champions were deriding them and the sacred cause to sustain which they were issued, as well as predicting their ultimate worthlessness, I am, very naturally, an earnest adherent still of the republican party, which authorized them, championed them, and has, by a maintenance of the national faith and credit, brought them up in purchasing value to an equivalent to the best dollar any nation can claim to have."

LADIES

Wishing to purchase

SPRING HATS

—AND—

BONNETS,

Are cordially invited call at

No. 6 Water Street,

AND INSPECT

Mrs. D. S. Wilkinson's

Choice and Elegant Patterns.

Decatur April 26, 1878—d&wtf

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }

Macon County Circuit Court.

Claiborne Jones vs. Duncan Bigws and Clarissa Biggs—Foreclosure.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the December term, A. D. 1877, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Friday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1878,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the foot of the principal stairway leading from Water street to the court room, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Commencing one [1] chain and eighty-seven [87] links on a bearing of north thirty-two and three-fourths [32¾] degrees east from the northeast corner of lot No. seven [7] in block No. one [1] in S. K. Smith's resurvey of lots in the village of Mt. Zion—said resurvey being recorded in book twenty, page 16, Macon County Records; from thence north fifty-seven and one-fourth [57¼] degrees west five [5] chains and eighty-five [85] links to the forty-acre line, thence north two and one-half [2½] degrees east along said line one [1] chain and eighty-six [86] links, thence south fifty-seven and one-fourth [57¼] degrees east six [6] chains and seventy-seven [77] links, thence south thirty-two and three-fourths [32¾] degrees west one [1] chain and sixty-one [61] links to the place of beginning, containing one acre, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 12th, 1878.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
CREA & EWING, Solicitors for Complainant.

THE ORIGINAL & ONLY GENUINE
"Vibrator" Threshers,
WITH IMPROVED
MOUNTED HORSE POWERS,
And Steam Thresher Engines,
Made only by
NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.



THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all Rivalry for Rapid Work, Fine Not Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.

GRAIN Raisers will not Submit to the enormous wastage of Grain & the inferior work done by the other machines, when once posted on the difference.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses and often $10 to $20 more than amount can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

NO Revolving Shafts Inside the Separator, Entirely free from Beaters, Pickers, Rasplins, and all such like wasting and grain-wasting complications. Perfectly adapted to all Kinds and Conditions of Grain, Wet or Dry, Long or Short, Headed or Bound.

NOT only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and like Grains, but the only successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Bearings. Makes no Litterings or Overlettings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, ranging from 20 to Twelve Horse size, and Corresponding Mounted Horse Powers to match.

STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. A special Rear Separator made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, with Valuable Improvements and Distinctive Features, far beyond any other make or kind.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "Vibrator" Thresher Outfits are Incomparable.

FOR Particulars, call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circulars, which we mail free.

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DINING HALL!

West Side of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILL.,

CHAS. DROHN, Prop'r.

This House, a first-class one, is prepared for travelers and day-boarders. The accommodation is the best, and No. 1. Rooms and Beds will be found.

Meals, 25 Cents.

Oct. 20, 1877—d&wtf

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PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

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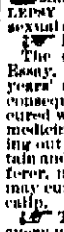
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Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!



Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

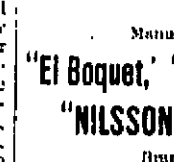
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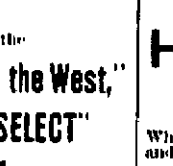
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Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for SEMINAL WEAKNESS, SPERMATORRHŒA, IMPOTENCY and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse; as Loss of MEMORY, UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE, PAIN IN THE BACK, DIMNESS OF VISION, PREMATURE OLD AGE, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which are as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over-indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study, and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.



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Before Taking. After Taking.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
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☞ Sold in Decatur, Illinois, at DR. A. J. STONER'S Drug Store, or by druggists everywhere. julyl-wly

WANTED.—Energetic persons to canvass Decatur for the "Magic Self-Lighting Gas Burner," entirely new, and attracts attention everywhere. A good chance to make money. For particulars, address

E. O. TALLMADGE, Gen'l. Agent,
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"DRUM MAJOR"

The Best Navy Plug in America, made expressly for me. It will go further by 33 per cent. and is unequalled in flavor. I can always offer special inducements to chewers in the way of samples and job lots, which will be sold very cheap. A splendid line of

PIPES AND SMOKER'S GOODS.

Give Me a Call.

My ten years of experience in Decatur enables me to offer inducements second to no other House in the country.

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Nov. 15, 1877 wtf A. KEPLER.

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Choice Groceries

CALL ON

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Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and

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Which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

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Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

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Summer Coats, FOR MEN AND BOYS. 25, 50 and 75 cts.

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READY-MADE CLOTHING

Is Full and Complete, and will be SOLD at VERY LOW PRICES. A Large Stock of

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NECKWEAR OF ALL KINDS,

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You will miss it if you spend your

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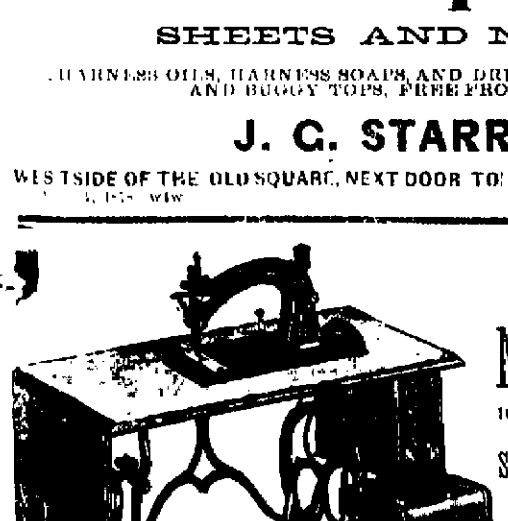
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Jan. 24, 1878—wly

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For TEN YEARS TUTT'S PILLS have been the recognized standard Family Medicine in all the Atlantic States—From Maine to Mexico, scarcely a family can be found that does not use them. It is now proposed to make their virtues known in the WEST, with the certainty that as soon as tested they will become as popular there as they are in the North and South.

TUTT'S PILLS!!

DO THEY CURE EVERYTHING?

NO.—They are intended for diseases that result from malarial Poison and a Deranged Liver.

DR. TUTT has devoted twenty-five years to the study of the Liver and the result has demonstrated that it exerts greater influence over the system than any other organ of the body:—Digestion and Assimilation of the food—on which depends the vitality of the body,—is carried on through it; the regular action of the bowels depends on it, and when these functions are deranged, the Heart, the Brain, the Kidneys, the Skin, in fact the entire organism is affected.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISORDERED LIVER.

Dull Pain in the Side and Shoulder, loss of Appetite; Coated Tongue; Costive Bowels; Sick-headache; Drowsiness; Weight in the Stomach after eating, with Acidity and Belching up of Wind; Low Spirits; Loss of Energy; Unsociability; and forebodings of Evil.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE NEGLECTED, SOON FOLLOWS

DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS FEVER, CHILLS, JAUNDICE, COLIC, NERVOUSNESS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, NEURALGIA, KIDNEY DISEASE, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, AND A GENERAL BREAKING DOWN OF THE SYSTEM.

HEED THE WARNING!

TAKE

TUTT'S PILLS.

The first dose produces an effect which often astonishes the sufferer, giving a cheerfulness of mind and buoyancy of body, to which he was before a stranger. They create an Appetite, Good Digestion, and

SOLID FLESH AND HARD MUSCLE.

A LOUISANA PLANTER SAYS:

"My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of sickness. I employ one hundred and fifty hands, often half of them were sick. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. I used them as a preventive as well as a cure. The result was marvellous; my laborers became hearty, robust, and happy, and I have had no further trouble. With these Pills I would not fear to live in the Okefenokee swamp."

E. RIVAL, BAYOU SARA, LA.

"BEST PILL IN EXISTENCE."

"I have used your PILLS for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Nervousness, and can say I never had any thing to do me so much good in the way of medicine. They are as good as you represent them. I recommend them as the Best PILL in existence, and do all I can to acquaint others with their good merits."

J. W. TIBBETTS, DACOTA, MINN.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 25 CENTS.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

Many a Dollar, formerly spent on expensive Sulphur Baths, is now saved by substituting therefor GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, which is just as beneficial and infinitely cheaper. Local diseases of the skin, rheumatism and gout are all relieved by this standard remedy. Complexional blemishes are eradicated by it, and it imparts to the cuticle a pearly whiteness and velvety softness which greatly enhances the effect of female charms. Its soothing, antiphlogistic action constitutes a prime remedy for sores, ulcers, cuts, sprains, scalds, bruises, and in fact every abnormal condition of the cuticle attended by inflammation, swelling or itching. Ladies moving in our best society speak of its beautifying properties in enthusiastic terms, and give it a decided preference to cosmetics which merely conceal but do not, like GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, eradicate the defects of the complexion. The use of ointments for eruptive complaints is to be deprecated because of their having a tendency to clog the pores and in some cases rather to aggravate than to remedy the disease. They are, besides, seldom thorough enough in their effects to prevent the recurrence of eruptions of an inveterate type and have the disadvantage of soiling the linen of persons who use them. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, on the contrary, radically cures the diseases to which it is adapted and still further recommends itself on account of its cleanliness. It is, besides, an admirable disinfectant of clothing which has been worn by persons afflicted with diseases of a contagious nature. As a specific preventive and promoter of the general health it presents advantages of the most unequivocal description. Sold by Druggists.

HALL'S HAIR & WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50c [July 18-wlw

THE Greenbackers of Dewitt County, in issuing a call for a county convention, declare that no person shall be entitled to a seat therein "who is not fully committed to support the National Greenback ticket from Congressman to Coroner, and who is not unconditionally opposed to all or any fusion with any other organization in any form whatever." This is considered to be a direct blow at ex-Congressman Stevenson, who is said to be straining every nerve to capture the Greenback nomination, expecting to receive a Democratic endorsement afterward. Possibly, if he gets the first, he may fail on the last, as was notably the case with the Greenback candidate for Representative in this county.—*Peoria Transcript.*

THERE is no magic in the name of Fitzhugh. Noticing the fact that the ex-doorkeeper, who once announced himself as a "bigger man than old Grant," will open a hotel in Washington for Southern people, the Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle* says: "If Mr. Fitzhugh keeps a good hotel he will be patronized by Southern people, and by Northern people as well. If he doesn't, Southern people will go somewhere else. Hotels can't be opened on sentiment, and they won't be patronized on sentiment. The stomach knows no North, no South, no East, no West.

GENERAL GRANT.

His Visit to the Capital of Austria. A Right Royal Reception.

By Cable to the New York Herald.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The Herald correspondent at Vienna gives some interesting details concerning the reception accorded to Gen. Grant in that city last week. He arrived there on Sunday night, August 18th. At the railroad station he was met by Minister Kasson, the Secretaries and members of the American Legation and a large number of the American residents. He was loudly cheered as he stepped out of the railway carriage.

On the 19th the General was visited at the Legation of the United States by Count Andrassy, the First Minister of the Council, and several Colleagues. In the evening he dined with the Countess and Mrs. Grant at Post's. On the 20th he had an audience of His Imperial Majesty, Francis Joseph, at the lovely palace of Schoenbrunn, spending the remainder of the day driving about the imperial grounds and forests and visiting points of interest in that romantic and historic neighborhood. On the 21st General and Mrs. Grant were entertained by the imperial family and dined with the Emperor in the evening. During the morning Baron Steinberg accompanied the Emperor's American guests to the arsenal.

On the 22d Minister Kasson gave a diplomatic dinner in honor of our ex-President, at which nearly all the foreign embassadors were present. The members of the Austro-Hungarian Cabinet attended the reception in the evening, and added to the brilliancy of the occasion.

The General expressed himself greatly pleased with Vienna: thinks it a charming city. He was gratified also at the marked attentions of the Emperor's household and the earnest endeavor shown to honor him as a citizen of the United States. The General leaves Monday next for Steirmart.

The Truth in a Nutshell.

Said Senator Blaine in his speech at Biddeford, Me., last Wednesday, on the financial question: We fancied during the greenback craze that we were all getting rich. In 1873 we found out that we had been buying $800,000,000 more than we were selling. There is nothing so mysterious about national finances. The same principles are involved in private finances. If a farmer is buying more than he is selling from his farm, he is growing poorer, but if he is selling more than he is buying, he is getting richer. This idea holds good with the trade of the country. Now things are changed. We are buying less abroad and have a balance in our favor of $630,000,000. No people in the world are so well able to maintain a specie basis as the United States, if they say they will. We are just in sight of the day of redemption. We can look right into the promised land, but greenbacks say "Don't go in; come now and wander with us for years more." You depreciate your currency, and you might as well by one shock of mighty power, paralyze capital from one end of the country to the other. You reduce the country from that of a great commercial people to a beggarly small retail affair. The thing which this day frightens men is wild schemes of finance. What the United States needs in this matter is a large amount of let-alone-ativeness. You cannot keep this currency as a political foot ball. You cannot settle this question until you settle it right.

Garfield on Resumption.

The following from General Garfield's speech at Massillon, expresses his views on the much-vexed subject of resumption:

The chief hardships of resumption have already been endured. When the law was passed in 1875, our paper money was at a discount of thirteen per cent. Since then it has slowly and steadily become better, month by month, until now it is but half a cent below par. The short step to stability and certainty will hurt far less than to retrace our steps and plunge back again into the evils from which we have escaped. Should we now retreat, the unsettled transactions of the last year would be thrown into utter confusion. If we now abandon the attempt at resumption the future will be clouded with an uncertainty that will destroy confidence and prevent the return of prosperity.

PEOPLE who regard California merely as a gold and silver producing state are not aware of the fact that her agricultural products are of more value than all the resources of her mines, as vast and valuable as they are. Her grain and her fruits far exceed the value of her richest placers. The grape crop this year is so abundant that preparations are making to convert thousands of tons of them into raisins. In the article of canned fruits, California will soon beat the world, and furnish the markets of the country with an abundance of the finest varieties at the lowest prices. Aside from those lucky speculators, the well-to-do men to-day on the Pacific Slope are not those who looked for gold in the mines, but that class who sought a competency by other methods.

Rustic Chairs and Seats, all colors, at Ashby's, for garden or porch. They make a splendid seat for the cemetery, as the rain does not hurt them; it drains off from every part. [June 11-d&wtf

CINCINNATI, O., August 28.—At the close of the session of the Chamber of Commerce, this noon, Secretary of the Treasury John Sherman was introduced to the merchants by President Hartwell. He was greeted with cheers, and spoke substantially as follows:

GENTLEMEN:—It gives me great pleasure to meet so many of the business men of Cincinnati, even for a brief period. I have a great deal to do with merchants, and take this opportunity to congratulate you that by the bounty of Divine Providence you will have to market the largest crop we have ever gathered, since the world was born, in this country. The only point of an unpleasant nature affecting the industrial interests is the misfortune which has befallen a large portion of the South, where yellow fever has spread the pall of distress among our southern brethren.

I congratulate you, also, that our currency is soon to be based upon the solid money of the world. [Applause.] I do not wish to talk politics to you, and do not intend to do so, but I suppose it is the common desire of all men engaged in business to have a stable, certain standard of value, and although you and I may differ as to the best means of obtaining it, and as to whether the means that have been adopted have been the proper means, yet I believe it is the desire of the merchants of Cincinnati that their money shall be as good as the money of any country with which we trade, and that, I think, will soon be accomplished.

I take a hopeful view of our business affairs. After this week there will be an end of bankruptcies. All men who believe that they are not in a condition to pay their debts will have taken the benefit of the law provided for their relief. After Saturday next we will stand upon a better basis—upon the basis of our property and our deserved credit. It has been the habit of one of your able and influential journals to charge me with all the bankruptcies of the country. If a grocer could not sell goods enough to pay his expenses, or a saloon-keeper could not sell beer enough to get rich, he took the short way of paying his debts, and this paper would announce the fact that he had been "Shermanized."

We have passed through a severe crisis. It has been common in all countries. A ray of hope has dawned on us. Every sign of business is hopeful. We do not owe Europe anything of any consequence. We have gone through the debt-paying process. A few years ago we were running in debt at the rate of five hundred millions a year, but lately we have been paying off our debt at the rate of one hundred millions a year. From this time we will be more prosperous. You who live in the heart of the great West, take heart in the transaction of your business, because I believe you have reached a sound basis upon which to conduct your business profitably—the basis of solid coin.

On descending from the stand, the Secretary was greeted with a general hand-shaking and complimentary remarks.

HILLSBORO, Mo., August 28.—Mary Dean, the woman who murdered her two children yesterday, was brought here and lodged in jail to-day. She has been married the second time, and had six children by her first husband, all of whom are dead. When asked by Dr. Pipkin how long they had been dead, she replied that they all died when very young. She says her first husband died suddenly with a congestive chill, but refused to converse about his death. It is now ascertained that her last husband's relatives have been sending her money enough to keep her comfortably, and that she now has $25 or $30. She says that she murdered the baby first, and when she undertook to put the little five year old boy on the bed to cut his throat, that he clung to her dress and begged piteously for his life, saying, "Oh! mamma, oh! mamma, don't kill me, don't kill me." The inhuman wretch heeded not the appeal of the poor little child, but threw him on the bed, and, after cutting his throat, struck him on the left side of the head with a splinter of iron from the railroad track to complete the work of death. The murderess is about forty years of age, of medium height, has red hair, and presents a woebegone, forlorn appearance. She was raised near Bloomfield, in Stoddard county, and possesses little or no intelligence. Some believe her insane, while others do not.

THE Government Printing Office, at Washington, recently performed a feat that cannot easily be surpassed by any other institution of its kind. Ex-Secretary Boutwell having finished his authorized revision of the United States Statutes about the close of the session, it was deemed advisable to have a few copies printed for the examination of the Senate Committee on the Revision of Laws during the recess of Congress. The manuscript was given to the printers on Wednesday morning, and on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock a huge octave volume of 1,400 pages, printed, stitched, and bound in full calf, was delivered to every member of the committee.—The manuscript had previously been approved by the Secretary of State.—Mr. Boutwell is now completing the index to the revised laws.

Haste, haste to Ferris' Shoe Store.—Another week on Burt's shoes. Ferris' prices the lowest on slippers.

Aug. 19-d&w

Children's Carriages, from two dollars up, at Ashby's. [June 11-d&wtf

"Dead on the Field of Honor."

New York Tribune.

The terrible news from the infected districts comes to us with one glimpse of cheerfulness and hope—the conduct of the noble men, both white and black, who have gone to nurse the sick. We want our readers to stop just for one moment and look at this matter. These nurses who have gone out of the pure air of their own homes to the plague-stricken towns, to handle and tenderly care for the dead and dying men who are utter strangers to them, need a higher courage than any soldier marching into the thick of battle. They gain nothing, neither pay nor glory. Their victories are not watched by a proud country for whose honor they give their lives. If they die, no weeping nation will, year by year, hang laurels, on their graves. The Howard nurse is only mentioned in the papers as "one of twenty-five" arriving on such a date, or "one of twenty" who are dead. His name nobody knows. If he fails, his friends only learn of it because he fails to return. There is no burst of battlecry or martial music to cheer his soul in its last struggle with death; in the future there is to be no roll-call of a victorious army, with the proud answer to his name, "Dead on the field of honor." He gives his life for some poor plague-stricken wretch, probably of less value to the world than himself, in the poisoned air of a solitary chamber, where there is none but God to know. He is buried hastily in a nameless grave, with shuddering and fear, and quicklime is thrown upon his body. This sacrifice he makes out of pure love to God and humanity, and this sacrifice is now making, not by one man but by every one of the hundreds of nurses sent out by the Howard Association. Every one of them carries his life in his hand as he goes.

These men, too, be it remembered, are Southerners, the people whom we regarded as our enemies, not long ago, and whom we are very apt still to regard as impracticable, idle and quarrelsome. It is worth our while to consider this thing. The newspapers lately have contained more than the usual amount of crime and nastiness. Neither foreign politics nor our domestic records have been calculated to raise our belief in the nobility of human nature, or to suggest fresh watch-words of cheer to the world. It is something to know that in our own country, among the people of the very State which we have believed given over to corruption and fraud, a noble deed is done with a modesty and silence which makes it all the nobler.

The Usual Result.

Some of the results of Democratic administration in Missouri are thus gouged by the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*: "Since the party came into power in 1870 it has made a record that is anything but assuring of future good and safe management of the State's interests. Under the administration of Woodson, the first true-blue Democrat there was organized a gigantic conspiracy to rob this state and the general government of millions of dollars in bogus war claims. Through the prompt action of one honest man, Governor Hardin, the consummation of this robbery was prevented. Then followed the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad steal, which was one of the most corrupt jobs that was ever worked thorugh a State Legislature. Now we are regaled with the Treasury frauds—the grossest and most audacious of all. What the extent of this is no man can yet determine, but that it is a deliberate, stupendous and daring robbery is no longer a matter of doubt. The facts are coming out one by one, and the moral sense of the people may be so aroused by this, the worst of all outrages, that the guilty ones may be finally exposed and punished according to their deserts."

THE New York *Graphic* is disposed to be ironical on the lawyers who are making a pleasant feast of the Jay Cooke estate. It says:

A great outrage is meditated against the Jay Cooke estate. A man named Hazelhurst, being moved upon and instigated by the devil, has filed a petition to prevent so-called lawyers from getting hold of any more of the property. This is hard. In fact, it is almost unprecedented. These lawyers have had only $80,546 and some cents out of the estate yet, besides some $20,000 for incidentals, and this certainly cannot be considered their natural and proper share, considering the amount of work they have had to perform to stave off claims and keep the creditors from getting anything. That will be a sad day when dead-beat lawyers are prevented from burrowing into a bankrupt estate or corporation, and living there as long as it lasts. Here is the bankrupt Continental Life Insurance Company, for instance; but it would be cruelty to allude to that. We salute the aforesaid lawyers and cheer them on in the execution of their sublime policy of "Subtraction, Division, and Silence." How would society get along without them?

A New Lot of Parasols.—14 inch Cambric Parasols, at 10 cents; 16 in. 15c.; 18 in. 20c.; 20 in. 25c.; 22 in. 30c.; 24 in. 35c.; 14 in. Scotch Gingham, 30c.; 16 in. 40c.; 18 in. 50c.; 20 in. 60c; 22 in. 70c.; 24 in. 80c. Serge, 20 in. 75c.; 22 in. $1.00; 24 in. $1.25. 14 in. Silk, 40c.; 16 in. 65c.; 18 in. 85c.; 20 in. $1.00; together with a beautiful assortment of Silk Serges, in ivory, pearl, enameled, horn and natural handles, at

June 26-d&wtf Linn & Scruggs.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 5, 1878.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For State Treasurer,
GENERAL JOHN C. SMITH,
of DeWitt County.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
JAMES P. SLADE,
of St. Clair County.
For Clerk Supreme Court—Cent. Grand Div'n,
M. B. C. INVERSE,
of Sangamon County.
For Clerk of Appellate Court—Third District,
W. M. DUNCAN,
of Macoupin county.
For Representative in Congress, 14th District,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
of Vermillion Co.

For Senator 25th District,
WILLIAM T. MOFFETT,
of Macon county.
For Representatives 25th District,
DR. JOHN H. TYLER,
GEORGE K. INGHAM,
of DeWitt county.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
MARTIN FORSTMYER.
For Coroner,
FRANK W. HAINES.

OFF THE TRACK.

The Democratic County Central Committee met on Saturday, and among other business accepted the declination of Z. T. Hundley as a candidate for representative. The reason given by Mr. Hundley for his action in withdrawing from the ticket was the fact that he had temporarily resided in Bloomington during the first part of the year 1877, and while there had voted at a local election, thereby making himself ineligible to a seat in the legislature from this district, the constitution prescribing that in order to be eligible to a seat in the House the member must have resided for two years next preceding the election within the territory contained in the district. This is simply a confession upon the part of Mr. Hundley and the Democratic committee that they do not expect their party to have a majority in the next House, for such a trifling matter as ineligibility has not heretofore been considered an insurmountable objection by the Democrats when they were in power, and the ineligible individual belonged to their party. Only as recently as 1875, when the Haines legislature of odorous memory was in session, the question was raised of the ineligibility of a Democratic member from Sangamon, who had not only lived outside of his district within two years, but in another state. The House was in the hands of the Democrats, and the carpet bagger was not molested. During the same session there was also a little quiet talk about the eligibility of one of the members from this district, it being claimed that he had not resided in the state for five years, as prescribed by the constitution, but the Democratic majority in the House did not see fit to raise the question of eligibility, and it was useless for the Republicans to do so after their experience in the Sangamon county case.

The real reason of Mr. Hundley's retirement is not likely to come out, but the dissatisfaction expressed by a great many Democrats over his nomination in all probability had something to do with it. It is said that a new convention is to be called to fill the vacancy on the ticket, but the time has not been made public.

THE most northern point at which the yellow fever is reported is Hickman, Ky., on the Mississippi, forty miles below Cairo. Forty cases and ten or twelve deaths are reported there yesterday.

THE Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, interviewed at San Francisco, declared that he was a Grant man first, middle, and last. He always had been a Grant man, and had never swerved from the faith.

THE New York *Graphic*, quoting the remark of the London *Times* that "the American delegates seem to have succeeded in dispelling the idea that the Bland bill was designed to the prejudice of the bondholders, or that the conference originated in self-interested motives," says of the conference that—

1. It has refuted the slanders of the nation, uttered by the New York and Boston press.

2. It has restored confidence in American integrity.

3. It has assured the world that German demonetization was disastrous—disastrous to Germany and to all the money exchanges of the world.

4. It has been shown that this use of gold alone is advocated by only "three small States," not by either England or Germany.

5. It has revealed a determination to not carry demonetization any further.

From Wednesday's Daily.

THE PLACE FILLED.

The vacancy on the Democratic legislative ticket occasioned by the hauling off of Zach. T. Hundley was filled to-day by the nomination of S. S. Jack. The original convention had been called together, but the DeWitt delegates failed to come, sending word that they would "accept the situation," and when the Macon county figurers came together in the grand jury room there was only an apology for a convention. But, like Mercutio's wound, "it was enough," and, after mature deliberation the half dozen delegates with the most singular unanimity, decided that as Our Sam had been twice elected he was better able to stand a defeat this time than any new man, and the thing was arranged in that way.

GENERAL BUTLER, in a card published in the Boston papers, says: "I have never seen the original of Sherman's letter. I never told personal friend or enemy that it had been obtained, or that it was genuine. So far from that, I do not believe in its present existence if it ever had any." In connection with this, Secretary Sherman said, in an interview at Cincinnati, that he had had a talk with General Butler about the matter, in which the General said that he never believed that Sherman wrote such a letter, and that he never believed a word of Anderson's testimony, or that of Mrs. Jenks. This would seem to settle the Sherman letter business.

NOTICING the fact that Senator David Davis is to make a speech at Springfield on Wednesday next, the New Haven *Union* is torn with conflicting emotions as to what party the corpulent Senator will identify himself with. The *Union* has this note of warning: "Mr. Davis was elected Senator by a combination between the Greenbackers and Democrats, and it would not be surprising if he tried to straddle both horses in his forthcoming speech, with a view to currying favor with both parties for the Presidential race. He is a foolish man if he thinks a trimmer stands any show of receiving the endorsement of the National Greenback party."

THE greenbackers of the thirteenth district met at Lincoln yesterday, and after a very inharmonious session nominated Adlai E. Stevenson, of Bloomington, as their candidate for Congress. Mr. Stevenson was elected as an Independent in 1874, and was defeated by Judge Tipton in 1876. He is about as thoroughbred a Democrat as there is in Illinois, and his nomination by the greenbackers is the most transparent kind of a trick.

SPEAKING of General Grant and the nomination in 1880, Senator Conkling said to a *Graphic* reporter that General Grant would probably do exactly as his friends wished. If they asked him to run because the good of the country demanded it, he would do it. A chance of defeat would make no difference with Grant, as "he is the truest and most magnanimous of men."

COMMENTING on the action of the Saratoga conference, the New York *Times* says: "The spirit of Senator Conkling's letter to the Saratoga conference is one that becomes his position in the party. If it is faithfully carried out by himself and his friends in the state, it will be well for Republicanism, both here and throughout the Union."

ACCORDING to the Philadelphia *Times*, the White Hats and the Black Hats among the Republicans in that city have finally caucused themselves into one party, and have agreed upon an excellent local ticket. In other words, Republican unity in Philadelphia is assured.

THE wisdom of Senator Blaine as a politician is demonstrated in the Maine campaign, where the late disaffected elements are working in harmony for one grand object.

IT is estimated that there were at least 50,000 strangers in Chicago yesterday, attracted by the Firemen's Tournament and the visit of the President.

THE contest for prizes in the great National Firemen's Tournament began in Dexter Park, south of the city, at 10 o'clock to-day, and will continue through the week.

DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

With great care, by a new process, Dr. Price extracts from the *true* select *Fruits* and aromatics each characteristic flavor, and produces flavoring of rare excellence, of great strength and purity—far superior to the cheaper extracts.

Children's Carriages, from two dollars up, at Ashby's [June 11-d&wtf

NO LOWERING OF THE STANDARD.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

It is a time when there is looseness in politics, when many minds are chasing wild phantoms, when delusive ideas and dangerous tendencies are making headway. All the more reason, then, why the Republican party should decline to lower its standard. It is the one conservative force which remains in the country. It is the one barrier against the demoralizing and destructive influences which are so industriously plotting mischief. It has become not merely the representative of sound administration, but the bulwark of society itself.

We expect parties to differ upon questions of public policy. Such differences and the vigilance, criticisms and opposition which grow out of them are the life of the state. But when it comes to questions of public honor, good faith and security, to questions which touch the very foundations of the civil fabric, there ought to be no more division between parties than there should be in maintaining the national flag against a common enemy. When the nation has given its solemn promise and its honor is involved in the fulfillment of the pledge, men of all parties should stand together in upholding it. There are thousands and tens of thousands of Democrats, we believe, who are true to this idea. But it cannot be denied that the drift of the Democratic party as an organization, under the control of Southern and Western influences, is the other way. It is against the redemption of the nation's promise, and against that return to sound and wholesome conditions which are essential to the public prosperity. It would plunge the country again into uncertainty and confusion, and it panders to the most dangerous influences.

There is a demand that the Government shall somehow undertake to relieve every man who is in distress or out of labor. There is an outcry against capital and property, as if they were not inseparably blended with the whole life and prosperity of society. There is a crusade against the national banks which are so intimately interwoven with all the business interests of the country. There is a call, not that the greenbacks shall be made the best currency in the world by being made equivalent to the best coin in the world, but that they shall be debased and depreciated until their virtue is gone. In many cases labor deceives itself. Honest workingmen are deluded into what is most hostile to their own interests. Demagogues are plying their craft with an industry never before seen. Under all these circumstances it is more important than ever that the Republican party shall keep its standard on the highest plane, and fight out the battle of national security.

A HANDSOME COMPLIMENT TO JUDGE SMITH.

Resolutions of the Vermillion County Bar.

Danville News.

At a called meeting of the Vermillion County Bar, held in the court room at Danville, Ill., August 30, 1878, on motion of General Black Judge Terry was elected chairman and W. J. Calhoun secretary.

On motion of D. D. Evans a committee of three was appointed to report resolutions expressive of the sense of the Vermillion County Bar in regard to the performance of his duties by Judge C. B. Smith during the present term of the Vermillion Circuit Court.

The committee appointed by the chair consisted of D. D. Evans, Gen. J. C. Black and R. D. McDonald, which committee made the following report:

Resolved, That the Bar of Vermillion county extend to Hon. C. B. Smith its sincere thanks for his urbane and gentlemanly demeanor in the discharge of his official duties, and for the courtesy with which he uniformly treated each member of the Bar during the present session of the Circuit Court.

Resolved, That the secretary of this meeting transmit to the Hon. C. B. Smith a copy of the foregoing resolutions, and also furnish a copy to the Danville press for publication.

D. D. EVANS,
J. C. BLACK,
R. D. MCDONALD.

August 30, 1878.

Which resolutions were unanimously adopted, whereupon the meeting adjourned.

E. S. TERRY, Chairman.
W. J. CALHOUN, Sec'y.

THE GREATEST BLESSINGS.

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it. See other column.

THE real comforts of this mortal life are so few that we ought not to be deprived of them without good reason.—Those who have been in the habit of letting off steam by simply saying "By jingo!" are now informed that we have been swearing to kill in another language, and that "jingo" means God in the original. Think how we have blasphemed in a pious sort of way without really knowing what we were saying. Thus one by one the enjoyments of this world are cut off.

Ladies' White Underwear, Corsets, Fancy Goods and Notions, and the best and cheapest place to buy such goods is at M. GOLDBERG'S, No. 8 Merchant street. Aug. 20—d&wtf

REPUBLICANS.

Reasons why They should support Their Party.

From the Toledo Blade.

The question which every disaffected Republican should put to himself before he commits himself against the party is, Whether it is in any way possible that he can secure better results by voting with some other party? If he will review all the elements in this query we are satisfied that his answer will be in the negative, and that he will be compelled to admit that not only can he not hope to better himself, but further that he cannot do so well. The Republican party is not all that any of us would like: many of its minor acts are opposed to our ideas of right and expediency, and we frequently wish that some of its leaders were different, but with all this there is no mistaking the fact that the worst of Republicanism is much superior to the best of Democracy. There is nothing which any Republican can complain of that will be righted, or even bettered, by the success of the Democrats or the Nationals, while there are many things of much more importance that will be irretrievably injured by the success of those parties.—The road to improvement in any particular is through the Republican organization. It is the only one which has the capacity or inclination to effect reforms. Attempts at such by other parties are simply thinly disguised schemes of corruption. The Republican who loves his country and earnestly desires her welfare, has no choice but to cling to that party with whose administration is associated the most brilliant epoch in our history; whose work is yet far from being done, and which has in its heart and brain more potentialities of good for the country in the future than can possibly be embraced in any or all the organizations opposed to it. To build up and support the Republican party is to do the most effective work for the good of the country. No patriotic man can in justice to himself and his convictions permit himself to be driven off from the grand purpose by some disaffection upon a question of minor importance, as all questions which now divide Republicans are.

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

Many persons say, "I haven't got the Consumption," when asked to cure their cough with Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Do they not know that Coughs lead to Consumption and a remedy that will cure Consumption will certainly and surely cure a cough or any lung or throat trouble. We know it will cure when all others fail, and our faith in it is so positive that we will refund the price paid if you receive no benefit. Is not this a fair proposition? Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle. For lame Chest, Back or Side, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 27-d&weod

Why will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Constipation and General Debility, when you can get at our store Shiloh's System Vitalizer, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure you. Price 10 cents and 75 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 27-d&weod

"HACKMETACK," a popular and fragrant perfume. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill
Feb. 27-deod

A Yellow Fever Incident.

The New Orleans *Picayune* prints the following in its issue of Friday: "On Wednesday morning last the 11-year-old son of a prominent officer of the Washington Artillery informed his father that he had abandoned a pet scheme that had been working in his mind. He thought that there were too many poor people suffering from yellow fever. He, therefore, requested his father to hand in his purse, consisting of $5.50, to the Howard Association, that it might be applied for the benefit of the poor. The father complied with this generous impulse on the part of his boy, and handed in the money to the association. In the evening, to his great grief, when he returned home, he found that his son had been taken with the fever; but later the boy showed evidences of improvement, and there were no grounds for apprehension."

When we Demoralize the Stomach

By excesses or imprudence in eating, we cannot hope to escape the consequences for any great length of time. The most robust digestion must succumb to abuses of that important function. But supposing that we have been foolish enough to enfeeble the stomach, is the damage irreparable? By no means. The dyspeptic has only to do two things to insure his ultimate recovery. First, he should adopt an easily digestible diet. Second, he should use with regularity and persistence Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading gastric invigorant of the age. The multiform symptoms of dyspepsia, and the almost invariably attendant disorders, biliousness and constipation, will assuredly cease to persecute the sufferer if the above advice is attended to. Who that has suffered the torments that chronic indigestion inflicts will neglect to take advantage of a remedy which, if the most positive evidence of the medical profession and the public is to be received with due credence is an absolute specific for the complaint.
Sept. 2-deod&w1w

Rustic Chairs and Seats, for lawns and parlors, at ASHBY'S.
May 15 -d&w

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER. SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families

DR. PRICE'S **UNIQUE PERFUMES** are the Gems of all Odors
TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the pure root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.
The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.



Our Grand CHARTER OAK STOVE

Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unparalleled in Durability.
Undisputed in the BROADCLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
AND MOST
PERFECT COOKING STOVE
EVER OFFERED FOR THE PRICE.
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR MANUF'G CO.
612, 614, 616 & 618 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County, }
Macon County Circuit Court.

Elizabeth S. Newton, Julia Yeomans, William T. Yeomans and Mary E. Newton by her next friend Elizabeth S. Newton, ex parte In Partition.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the August term, A. D. 1878, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Friday, the 4th day of Oct. A. D. 1878,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the West outside door of the Court House in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: The north half of the northwest quarter of section No. eight (8) in township eighteen (18) north of the base line range three (3) east of the 3d P. M.; said sale will be subject to a certain trust deed to Charles F. Emery, Trustee for the sum of $1200 and accrued interest, said trust deed being a lein on the interest of Elizabeth S. Newton and Julia and William T. Yeomans in said lands, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

Decatur, Ill., Sept. 2d, 1878.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
ROBY, OUTTEN & VAIL, Solicitors for Petitioners.
Sept. 5 -w4w

A. R. ARBUCKLE.

Attorney at Law,

Decatur, Ills.

Office with J. F. Webb, 21 Water St.—Upstairs.
September 5, 1878—w3m.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of JOSEPH B. BOSWORTH, Deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Joseph B. Bosworth, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the county court of Macon county, to be holden at the court-house, in the city of Decatur, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1878, being the first day of said term.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 21st, A. D. 1878.

E. MCCLELLAN, Administrator.
Aug. 29—w4w

Administrator's Sale of

REAL ESTATE!

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE County Court of Macon county, in the State of Illinois, made at the July term thereof, A. D. 1878, upon the petition of the undersigned, administrator of the estate of William H. Williamson, deceased, against Elenzar Williamson and others, I will, on the

27th day of September, A. D. 1878,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock of the afternoon of said day, sell at public vendue at the front (west) door of the county court room, in the city of Decatur, in Macon county, Illinois, the following described real estate situated in the county of Macon and the State of Illinois, to-wit: All the interest of the said William H. Williamson, deceased, being an undivided one-half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section No. eight (8), township eighteen (18) north, range three (3) east of the third principal meridian.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash in hand, one-third in six months, and the balance in one year from the day of sale; the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and to be secured by notes with good personal security, and a mortgage or sale mortgage on the premises sold.

Dated this 28th day of August, 1878.

THOMAS S. WILLIAMSON,
Aug. 29- w4w Administrator, &c.

NEW

PLANING MILL,

Cor. of Broadway and Cerro Gordo Sts.

GEO. S. LYON, W. H. GIPSON, JOHN ARMSTRONG

Lyon, Gipson & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS! BLINDS,

Mouldings of v ery Variety,

Window and Door Frames,

And everything in the line of Builders' Material.

STAIRWORK A SPECIALTY.

All KINDS of TURNING DONE TO ORDER.
Decatur, June 20, 1878—w3m os.

Revolvers [illegible] WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill.

TRUTHS.

HOP BITTERS,

(A Medicine, not a Drink),

CONTAINS

HOPS. BUCHU. MANDRAKE. DANDELION.

And the Purest and best Medical Qualities of all other Bitters,

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints and Drunkenness.

$1,000 IN GOLD

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and Hop Books, and try the Bitters before you sleep. Take no other

The Hop Cough Cure and Pain Reliever is the Cheapest, Surest and Best

For Sale by all Druggists.

JNO. BOYLE & CO.,

GRAIN BUYERS!

Wabash Railway and Broadway, one square west of Haworth's manufactory

Mansfield, Preese & Co.'s, latterly Gere-Simpson's old stand.

We Pay the Highest Market Prices for all kinds of

GRAIN!

Give us a call before making sales elsewhere.
Aug. 15, 1878—w4w*

F. P. YOUNG.

CASH GROCERS!

THE YOUNG BROTHERS,

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Fruits, &c.—Complete Stock of Everything.

And Goods are bought in the East from *first hands*, which enables us to have them *fresh* and sell them *cheap*.

CALL AND SEE US, AT NEWELL & HAMMER'S OLDSTAND, NO. 11 WATER STREET, DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

July 11, 1878—w1f

S. P. YOUNG.

NOTICE OF

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

To the Stockholders of the Indianapolis, Decatur and Springfield Railway Company:

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Indianapolis, Decatur and Springfield Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the same, will be held at the office of the Company, 16 South Pennsylvania street, in the city of Indianapolis, in the State of Indiana, on Thursday, the 10th day of October, 1878, at 12 o'clock noon.

A. DUPRAT, Secretary
New York, Aug. 20th, 1878. [aug20w3

Black Forest Oil Universal Remedy
WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES.
Where directions are followed. Sold by all druggists in one and two dollar packages. Patients using our remedy should write us fully of their case, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, write to us at once, for sample package, circular, &c. Address, F. W. Hyers & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. General agents for the United States and Canada.

Sept. 5-w3m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



B. STINE,

—THE—

Boss Clothier,

Offers Extraordinary

BARGAINS

—IN—

MEN'S,

YOUTH'S,

BOYS' and

CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING.

For the next THIRTY DAYS we propose to clean out our entire stock in order to make room for our Fall Stock.

All Wool Fine Cassimere Pants,	$3.50
Cassimere Suits,	5.00
All Wool Cassimere Suits,	7.50

We wish to impress it upon the minds of our friends and patrons that we carry a Larger Stock of Clothing, a Better Class of Goods, superior in Fit, Trimmings and General Style, than to those who may claim to manufacture their own, at. I guarantee

Our Prices to be Lower.

Yours Truly

B. STINE,

The Boss Clothier.

Aug 15-wtf

AVERY PLOWS



Avery's Celebrated

Cast and Steel Plows,

Blackland Plows,

Walking Cultivators, Double Shovels, &c.,

Are Sold by Responsible Merchants in Every Town

Farmers should send us their names and address on a postal card, for which we will send our new illustrated sheet, with full information, free of cost. THE BEST PLOWS ARE THE CHEAPEST. Address

B. F. AVERY & SONS,

LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY.

The LOWEST PRICES that

DRY GOODS

—AND—

CARPETS!

WERE EVER SOLD IN DECATUR.

Extra Super Carpet, at	.75
The Best Lowell, 2-ply, in Newest Patterns,	.85
Lowell, all-wool, super, at	.65
Cotton and Wool Ingrains, worth 50 cts., at	.40
Cotton and Wool Ingrains, worth 45 cts., at	.35
Black Cashmeres, worth $1.25, at	.95
Black Silks, worth $2.25, at	1.75
Black Silks, worth $2.50, at	2.00
Cheney Brothers' Black Gros Grain Silk,	1.25
Lonsdale Cotton, at	.8⅓
Fruit of the Loom, at	.8⅓
Hill's Yard-Wide, at	.7¾
Heaviest and Best Brown Cotton, at	.8⅓

At the Popular Dry Goods House

—OF—

LINN & SCRUGGS

June 20, 1878 d&wtf

JOHN H. EBERT & BRO.,

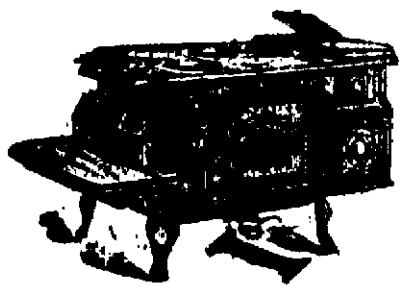
—DEALERS IN—

STOVES,

Tin and Hardware

—AND—

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.



We are offering First-Class Cooking Stoves at very low figures.

We also pay special attention to JOB WORK of all kinds, such as Tin and Slate Roofing, and Spouting of every description. We also make a Specialty of

GAS FITTING,

And Repairing of the same.

Call and see us at our place of business.

Opera Block, Water St., Decatur, Ill.

Decatur, June 13, 1878 w1y

JOHN EBERT & BRO.

Dot Leedle Lowesa.

(By the author of Leedle Yaweob Strauss.)

How dear to dis heart vas mine grandshild,
Loweeza!
Dot shweet leedle taughter off Yaweob, mine son!
I nefer vas tired to hug and to shqueeze her,
Vhen home I gets back und der day's work vas done.

Vhen I was avay, oh, I know dot she miss me,
For vhen I come homevards she rushes bell-mell,
Und pouts oup dot shweet leedle mouth for to kiss me—
Her "shtarfding oit grandpa," dot she lofe so vell.

Katurlun, mine frau, she could not do mitout her,
She vas vooch a gomfort to her day py day;
Dot shild she makes cry von happy aboudt her,
Like sunshine she drite all dheir droubles avay;

She hadelt der wool yarn vhile Katrina she vhal it,
She bring her dot cantire bottle to shmell;
She fetch me mine pipe, too, vhen I don'd can find it,
Dot plaseyet Loweeza dot lofe me so vell.

How shweet, vhen der toils off der week vas all ofer,
I'pd Sunday vas come mit its quiet and rest,
To valk mit dot shild 'mong der daisies und clofer,
Und look at der leedle birds building dheir nest!

Her bright leedle eyes how dhey shparkle mit pleasure
Her laugh it rings oudt almost so clear as a bell;
I dink dhere vas people but sooch a treasure
As dot schmall Loweeza, dot lofe me so vell.

Vhen vinter was come, mit its colde, shformy veddher,
Katrina und I've mused sit in der house
Und talk of der past, by de fireside togedder
Or play mit dot taughter off our Yaweob Strauss.

Old age mit its wrinkles begins to remind us
We cannot stay long mit our shildren to dwell,
But soon ve shall meet mit der boys vot has pind us,
Und dot shveet Loweeza, dot lofe us so vell.

Charles F. Adams in the Detroit Free Press.

Is There a Cure.

"Do you ever have the blues?" asked a sufferer from that malady, "and is there a cure for them?" Certainly, plenty of cures for them; just as there are for chills and fever, but in like manner they will not always work. We know one man who wards off an attack, another who rows it off, another who rides it off in the saddle. These are all dyspeptics. The same prescriptions, aided perhaps by lemon juice or diluted nitromuriatic acid, often prove effective in the case of bilious folk. When the cause is nervous exhaustion, a good remedy is cessation of all work, religious and secular, plenty of sleep, and, if the constitution can bear it, cold water bathing. Always an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, for it is not easy to fight off the blues. Misfortune, sorrow, individual temperament, and the accidents of wind and weather, often combine to weigh down the soul until, in extreme instances, insanity may be the result. But there is no rule by which to cure every one; each must find out what is most effectual in his case, and persevere with it to the end.

He was an entire stranger to the girls present, and the boys were mean and would not introduce him. He finally plucked up courage, and, stepping up to a young lady, requested the pleasure of her company for the next dance. She looked at him in surprise, and informed him that she had not the pleasure of his acquaintance. "Well," remarked the young man, "you don't take any more chances than I do."

Beyond the Reach of Human Skill

Is the power to restore the hair to bald heads when the bulbs at the roots are destroyed by age or disease; but there are doubtless many persons becoming bald, whose hair by careful attention might be restored to its original luxuriance. Parker's Hair Balsam is an elegant preparation, designed to meet the public want for a harmless hair dressing and restorative. It acts like magic, commencing at the very roots, removes Dandruff and all humors from the scalp, and never fails to restore gray or faded hair to the original color, and the soft, rich and glossy appearance of youth. By its occasional use falling of the hair is immediately checked, and a luxuriant and beautiful growth of young hair induced. The exquisite perfume and purity of its composition are highly appreciated, and as it is not a dye and does not stain the skin or clothing, it is a growing favorite of the toilet table everywhere. Buy a bottle from your druggist, W. C. Armstrong, Decatur, Ill., and test its merits.

Last Monday, while in Chicago, we spent quite a while at the large Clothing establishment of Kaufman & Bachrach whose branch establishments here and elsewhere, have been so judiciously and well advertised. We found Mr. Kaufman in charge, with a magnificent stock of ready made clothing and piece goods on hand, which is being daily increased by new goods received and manufactured and is also steadily decreased by large sales in Chicago and immense shipments to their branch houses. We appreciate the great courtesy shown to us by Mr. Kaufman, and are glad he and his partner are so successful in business, for they are liberal advertisers.—*Decatur Review*

Just Received, a nice lot of Ladies' goat Newport Ties, which we will close out at $1.00 per pair. Come while we have all sizes. BARBER & BAKER

Aug 13-d&wtf

A Fresh Invoice of Black Silks of superior make, imported expressly for us, which will be sold at prices to suit the times. LINN & SCRUGGS.

March 14—dtf.

The Patent Corset Comforts—Bortree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at

Jan. 23-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS'

LINEN LAWNS, Received this day, by

July 19-dtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

J. L. Knleper, the Jeweler, at 24 Merchant street, is closing out his entire stock at first cost, in order to retire from business. [Aug.15-d&wtf

A large lot of Hamburg Edgings, just received and very cheap, at

Feb10'78d&wtf] LINN & SCRUGGS.

AN OBTUSE MAN.

She was a stylish young lady about 18 years old, and to accommodate a friend she took the baby out for an airing. She was wheeling it up and down the walk, when an oldish man, very deaf, came along and inquired for a certain person supposed to live on that street. She nearly yelled her head off trying to answer him, and he looked around, caught sight of the baby, and said:

"Nice child, that. I suppose you feel proud of him?"

"It isn't mine!" she yelled at him.

"Boy, eh! Well, he looks just like you."

"It isn't mine!" she yelled again, but he nodded his head and continued:

"Twins, eh! Where's the other one?"

Despairing of making him understand by word of mouth, she pointed to the baby, at herself, and then shook her head.

"Yes—yes, I see t'other twin in the house. Their father is fond of them, of course?"

She turned the cab and hurried the other way, but he followed and asked:

"Do they kick round much nights?"

"I tell you 'taint mine!" she shouted, looking very red in the face.

"I think you're wrong there," he answered. "Children brought up on the bottle are apt to pine and die."

She started on a run for the gate, but before she opened it he came up, and asked:

"Have to spank 'em once in a while, I suppose?"

She made about twenty gestures in half a minute, and he helped the cab through the gate and said:

"Our children were all twins, and I'll send my wife down to give you some advice. You see——"

But she picked up a flower-pot and flung it at him. He jumped back, and as she entered the house, he called out:

"Hope insanity won't break out on the twins!"

A FISH STORY.

The pleasing picture of the Iowa heroine, who had two pickerel harnessed and was drawn by them up and down a pond in a beautiful little boat, was the sweetest fish story ever clipped with an exchange editor's shears. But who shall say that the ingenuity of the local chronicler has got to the end of its tether and devised the sweetest possible fish story? Here is the Whitehall *Times*, for instance, with a romance of the queen of the speckled beauties. A man has an artificial trout pond with at least 3,000 fish, each weighing from half a pound to two pounds, more or less. He also has a little girl, five years old, who has succeeded in training the fish so that she can go to the edge of the pond and with a handful of crumbs feed them from her chubby hand. They have learned to jump out of the water and snatch worms from her fingers, and they are extremely fond of their little mistress. One day she lost her balance, and pitched headlong into the water where it was deep. She says that when she went "way down" she called lustily for help. Her cries quickly attracted her parents, and they were horrified at seeing the little girl floating upon the surface of the pond. The father rushed to the water's edge and reached out for his pet, and as he raised her from the water a perfect solid mass of trout was found beneath her. These faithful subjects of the little queen, as she fell, quickly gathered beneath her, and thus showed their love for their mistress by bearing up her body until aid arrived, thus preventing her from meeting a watery grave.—*New York Tribune.*

One of her Majesty's grandchildren has recently appeared in print as an author, or, at least, translator. Her royal highness Princess Victoria, eldest daughter of the Grand Duchess of Hesse, has published a translation in German of a sermon to children, preached in Westminster Abbey by the Rev. T. Teignmouth Shore, honorable chaplain to the Queen. The work, which is published in Darmstadt for a charitable object, does the greatest credit to the royal and youthful translator.

When you see a bright baby pleased with itself and everybody else, be sure that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup has been used. Only 25 cents a bottle

A horrible murder was committed recently at Neriad, in India. A religious mendicant and fanatic seized a boy from among several of his play-fellows and stabbed him in the throat. The murderer made no resistance, but coolly told his capturers that the boy was an enemy of his god Rama, and he was moved by the god to kill him.

Hard Times Played Out.—Call in and see E. B. Pratt, and you will be sure to buy and get your money's worth. Coffee, six pounds for one dollar; 30 bars of soap for one dollar. 37 North Church street.

Aug. 27—d&w3mos

"I DEEM IT MY DUTY

To "Tell the World" what "*Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*" has done for me. I had a violent cough, night sweats, sore throat, great weakness, with severe attacks of hemmorrhage; gave up all hope of recovery. I am now cured, a sound and hearty man. Edward H. Hanson, engineer at Swooney's Pottery, 1334 Ridge avenue, Philadelphia. Over twenty-five years have elapsed, and I still remain a healthy man. Any one troubled with a cough or cold, throat, breast, or lung affection, will avoid much suffering and risk by using "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry," an old and well-tried remedy. Trial bottles 25 cents, large bottles $1. Sold by leading druggists. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

April 26, 1878—dlyeod

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH

INSTANTLY relieves and permanently cures this loathsome disease in all its varying stages. It possesses the soothing and healing properties of plants, herbs and barks in their gaseous form, free from every obnoxious contamination, and in this respect differs from every other known remedy. In the short year it has found its way from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and wherever known has become the standard remedy for the treatment of Catarrh. The proprietors have been waited upon by gentlemen of national reputation who have been cured by this remedy, and who have, at considerable expense and personal trouble, spread the good news throughout the circles in which they move. When you hear a wealthy great man of intelligence and refinement say, "I owe my life to Sanford's Radical Cure," you may feel assured that it is an article of great value, and worthy to be classed among the standard medical specifics of the day.

THE benefit I derive from its daily use is to me inestimable.
HENRY WELLS, of Wells, Fargo & Co.

IT has cured me after twelve years of uninterrupted suffering.
GEO. W. HOUGHTON, Waltham, Mass.

I FOLLOWED the directions to the letter and am happy to say I have had a permanent cure.
D. W. GRAY, M. D., Muscatine, Iowa.

I HAVE recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them.
WM. DOWEN, 725 Pine St., St. Louis.

AFTER using two bottles I find myself permanently cured. I have since recommended over one hundred bottles with the greatest success.
WM. W. ARMSTRONG,
159 Harrison Ave., Boston.

WE have sold Sanford's Radical Cure for nearly one year and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have yet to learn of the first complaint.
S. D. BALDWIN & CO., Washington, Ind.

THE cure effected in my case by Sanford's Radical Cure was so remarkable that it seemed to those who had suffered without relief from any of the usual remedies that it could not be true, therefore made affidavit to it before Seth J. Thomas, Esq., Justice of the Peace, Boston.
GEORGE F. DINSMORE, Druggist, Boston.

Each package of Sanford's Radical Cure contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price, $1.00. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pain and aches in the World of Medicine.

A MORBID SWELLING.

Gentlemen,—I sent for one of COLLIN'S VOLTAIC PLASTERS, and it has been of great benefit in reducing a swelling in my left side that two physicians pronounced Enlargement of the Spleen, and one pronounced it an Ovarian Tumor.
Mrs. A. BISTER.
Cynthiania, Ind., March 20, 1877.

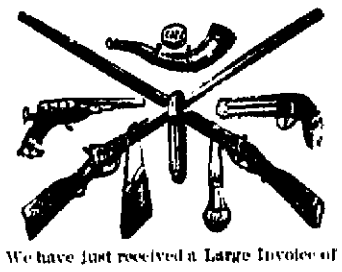
THEY ARE THE BEST.

Gentlemen,—Enclosed you will find $2.25, and I wish you would send me another dozen of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS. By the above you will see that I can do something to help others in some way even if I am not able to be up and around. There are a number who have tried your plasters who had given out that all plasters were good for nothing, and now join with me that they are the best they have ever tried. I have got along this winter better than I have before in three years. Wished I could have heard of your plasters before. Yours, &c.,
LORETTA M. CROSS.
Halleton Spa, N. Y., March 2, 1877.

Price, 25 Cents.

Be careful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER lest you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

GUNS! GUNS!



We have just received a Large Invoice of

Guns, Revolvers

—AND—

Sportsmen's Goods,

FOR THE FALL TRADE,

And now have the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK

Of the Kind in Central Illinois.

We are prepared to Duplicate any Goods in our line at Eastern prices.

H. MUELLER & CO.

Aug. 6, 1878 -d&w6mo

CENTRAL

MARBLE WORKS

Young & Pasold,

(Successors to W. M. Barrett.)

DEALERS IN

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN

MARBLE!

—AND—

SCOTCH GRANITE MONUMENTS,

TOMB-STONES, IRON RAILING with LIME-STONE, and IRON or MARBLE POSTS

We also are prepared to furnish all kinds of

BUILDING STONE!

Such as WATER TABLE, WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, FLAGGING three inches thick and upwards, RUBBLE STONE for basement purposes, cemetery curbing and coping.

OFFICE AND YARD:

Cor. East Main and Franklin Sts.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Aug. 13, 1878 d&wly

THIS NEW

ELASTIC TRUSS

Aug. 29-w4w

REVOLVER FREE Seven-shot revolver with box cartridges. Address Brown & Son, 138 and 140 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PIANO Beautiful Concert Grand Pianos, price $1000 only $348. **ORGAN** Superb Grand Square Pianos, price $1,100 only $348. Elegant Upright Pianos, price $600 only $118. New Style Upright Pianos $119.50. Organs $35. Organs 12 stops $73.50. Church Organs, 16 stops, price $300 only $115. Elegant $575 Mirror Top Organ only $166. Buyers come and see me at home if I am not as represented, R. R. Fare paid both ways and Piano or Organ given free. Large illust. Newspaper with much information about cost of Pianos and Organs sent free. Please address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J.

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER. The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice Aromatics and French Brandy for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains, Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Want of Tone and Activity in the Stomach and Bowels, and avoiding the dangers of Change of Water, Food and Climate. Ask for SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST **NAVY Tobacco!**

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and purity character of sweetening and flavoring. The best Tobacco ever made. An old blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. For sale by all dealers. Send for catalogue, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 25 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

Graefenberg Vegetable

PILLS

Have been acknowledged for over Thirty Years to be a certain cure for HEADACHE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, DISEASES OF DIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, AND FEVERS OF ALL KINDS. These PILLS act with great mildness, and will restore health to those suffering from GENERAL DEBILITY and NERVOUSNESS. Price 25c. per Box. Send for Almanac.

Graefenberg Co. 56 Reade St. N.Y.

ATWOOD'S QUININE TONIC BITTERS.

THE MOST AGREEABLE TONIC AND BEST STOMACHIC EVER OFFERED THE PUBLIC.

IT WILL IMPROVE YOUR APPETITE, FACILITATE DIGESTION, GIVE TONE TO THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, VIGOR TO EVERY PART OF THE BODY, THEREBY IMPARTING HEALTH AND STRENGTH. THERE IS

NO REMEDY SO GOOD FOR LANGUOR AND DEBILITY.

The medical faculty indorse it for Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Nervous Debility, Loss of Appetite, and all diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Persons living in or visiting sections where Malaria, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, &c., are the characteristic diseases, should be provided with this valuable medicine. It is a sure preventive for all ailments arising from malarial causes. It is a preparation of

QUININE

one of the best Remedial Agents which the sciences of Chemistry has placed at the disposal of the physician, combined with other valuable tonics, delicately flavored with choice aromatics to please the palate.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. For sale by all the Wholesale Druggists in Chicago, and Medicine Dealers generally. [aug13w4w

J. PERL

[Successor to Lacx Bros.,



UNDERTAKER!

And Dealer in

COFFINS

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

His stock is complete in every particular

Hearse Furnished to Order.

All Calls Promptly Attended to

COUNTRY FUNERALS

Will Receive Special Attention.

SOUTH MAIN STREET,

2 Doors South St. Nicholas Hotel,

June 6 w3mos DECATUR, ILL.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Something New.

LOUIS MACKENZIE,

(Formerly with J. P. Marsh, and the manufacturer of all his fine custom work), has opened up a NEW SHOP for the MANUFACTURE and REPAIR of BOOTS and SHOES. The Shop is located on the

Corner of Water and Prairie Streets,

and lately used as a flour depot for Shellabarger & Co. I respectfully request all my old friends and customers to call and see me.

Aug. 13-d1w

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors.

South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois

March 19, 1878—d&w1y

A Large Lot of New Prints at 5 cents a yard, at LINN & SCRUGGS'.

May 27-d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE OLD RELIABLE

FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA R.R. LINE.

CONTINUOUS ALL-RAIL ROUTE!
NO CHANGE OF CARS!
ONE ROAD, ONE MANAGEMENT!

From CHICAGO to
PITTSBURGH, HARRISBURG,
BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON,
PHILADELPHIA & NEW YORK.

Great Short Line!
TO BOSTON
VIA NEW YORK CITY.
Reaches all Points in Philadelphia and New Jersey.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS!

MAGNIFICENT CARS
Equipped with the Celebrated
WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKES
—AND—
JANNY'S NEW PATENT SAFETY PLATFORM AND COUPLER.

ELEGANT EATING HOUSES
WITH AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS.

3 EXPRESS TRAINS
LEAVE CHICAGO AS FOLLOWS:

8.00 A. M. Special Fast Express, Except Sunday.
With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 2:30 A. M.; Harrisburg, 11:45 A. M.; Philadelphia, 4:00 P. M.; New York, 6:45 P. M.; Boston, 6:15 A. M.; Baltimore, 6:30 P. M.; Washington, 7:30 P. M., next day.

5:15 P. M. ATLANTIC EXPRESS, DAILY.
With Drawing-Room and Hotel Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 12:10 P. M.; Harrisburg, 10:55 P. M.; Philadelphia, 3.35 A. M.; New York, 6:35 A. M.; Special Philadelphia Sleeping Car on this train, which remains in depot until 7:30 A. M., affording Philadelphia passengers a full night's rest.

9.10 P. M. NIGHT EXP., EXCEPT SATURDAY.
With Drawing-Room Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 7:30 P. M.; Harrisburg 3:50 A. M.; Baltimore, 7:15 A. M.; Washington 9:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 8:00 A. M.; New York, 10:35 P. M.; Boston, 8:10 P. M. Through Baltimore and Washington Sleeping Car on this train.

Fare always as Low as any Other Line.

Through Tickets for Sale at all principal points in the West. Ask for them via the Ft Wayne & Pennsylvania Line.

F. R. MYERS,
Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., CHICAGO.
Feb. 27, 1878—wly.

—AT THE—
WATER STREET
Hardware Store!
YOU WILL FIND GOOD
COAL OIL STOVES!
AT REDUCED PRICES;
Also,—
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
GARDEN TOOLS
Spades and Shovels,
Nails, Glass, &c.
And a Full Stock of Fine and Cheap
BUILDERS' HARDWARE
—Also, the—
BEST COAL AND WOOD
Cook Stoves
and Ranges
In the Market.
Call and examine for yourselves.

R. C. CROCKER,
No. 9 Water Street.
April 11, 1878—d&wtf

E. S. AUNGST & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS
And Dealers in all kinds of
COFFINS,
Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.
Southwest Corner Old Square,
DECATUR, ILLS.
Residence, No. 18 West William street.
June 4-d&wtf

WINDSOR OIL STOVE.
Absolute safety combined with other improvements, make the WINDSOR the only Oil Stove that any one valuing SAFETY and COMFORT will buy. The principle of the "Hydrostatic Column" is applied to the Stove and explosion is impossible. As fast as oil is consumed water passes under it, so there is no vacuum, consequently no gas generates to take fire. CHAPMAN, GRIER & CO.,
Aug. 14—d&w6w 22 Lake St., Chicago.

MEN ... YEARLY CONTRACT

ST. NICHOLAS



LIVERY, FEED
AND SALE STABLE.
FIFST CLASS OUTFITS.
Jul1'77-wtf N. LAUX & BRO

DO NOT
MORTGAGE
YOUR FARM
Until you have called upon us and learned the advantages we can offer you over other parties.
INTEREST AT 9 PER CENT
And on time to suit. Interest and Principal payable at our BANKING HOUSE.
Peddecord & Burrows,
BANKERS,
Deatur, Illinois.
Apr27'78-wtf

HO FOR TEXAS.
Overmire & Kaufman
—ARE NOW—
AGENTS
—FOR THE—
Real state and Colonization Co.
OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.
Good land, located with perfect title, can be had for less than
40 CENTS PER ACRE.
Patent for land furnished signed by the Governor of the State.
Now is the Golden Moment to Invest
For circulars and full particulars, call on or write to
OVERMIRE & KAUFMAN,
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENTS
DECATUR, ILLS.
Jan. 17, 1877—wtf

ASK
TO BE SHOWN
"FAVORITE" STOVES
W. C. DAVIS & Co
CINCINNATI.
And Don't be Deceived into Buying Worthless Imitations,
AS THEY ARE SOLD WITH A
WRITTEN GUARANTEE
To
Do Quicker & Better Baking,
Be More Durable & Lasting,
Have More Conveniences,
Use One-Third Less Fuel,
And to be made with
GREATER EXPENSE AND CARE
than any other line of Stoves in the world.
EIGHTY-FIVE SIZES AND KINDS,
For Any and All Kinds of Fuel.
Prices from $20 to $65, Fully Trimmed.
THEY ARE THE
Standard Cooking-Stoves of America,
And are sold by some first class dealer everywhere.
FOR SALE BY
DENNIS & REA,
South Side Central Park, Decatur
July 25-weodtf

CLIFFORD'S
FEBRIFUGE
OR
FEVER AND AGUE
CURE.
ERADICATES ALL MALARIAL DISEASES from the SYSTEM.
J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop.,
For Sale by All Druggists. ST. LOUIS.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco
Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.
Jan. 30, 1878—wly

HOW A LADY LOST A TOOTH AND GAINED A HUSBAND.

Some months since (says the Oakland (Cal.) *Times*) one of the loveliest and most accomplished daughters of a well-known resident was thrown from her horse, and sustained, among other annoying injuries, a fracture of one of her front teeth. The delicate pearl which flashed through "lips within whose rosy labyrinth when she smiled the soul was lost" was hopelessly crushed, and marred the beauty of the lady considerably. The only remedy for its injury was to have the root of the broken tooth extracted, and a false tooth made to fill the horrid breach in her mouth.

In her distress she sought the advice of Dr. George J. Luce. She had read somewhere, or had been told by somebody, that dentistry had advanced to such a science that it was possible to transplant a tooth from the mouth of another person, which would take root and bloom as it had in its original gum. Could he secure for her a match for the broken tooth? If he could he might name his price. Beauty in distress appeals to Dr. Luce never in vain, so he informed the grief-stricken maiden that such operations had been successfully performed, but in the present case the difficulty would be to discover a tooth of such purity, delicacy and beauty as to be worthy to munch caramels and bonbons in company with those which mourned the loss of their crushed companion. However, he would see what he could do.

A month or two passed. At last the tooth was found. A young Spanaird, whose well-brushed and somewhat faded habiliments indicated a struggle with fate, entered the office to receive some slight dental attention. His manners were those of a gentleman, and his conversation denoted intelligence and refinement. When he opened his mouth the doctor could hardly conceal his emotion. There was the tooth he had been looking for, flashing in the dazzling whiteness, the perfection of form and the acme of purity. It was indeed a gem. The subject was approached cautiously, but when the young gentleman spoke of his poverty the doctor offered him one hundred dollars for the tooth. The money tempted the impecunious foreigner, who immediately offered all his stock in trade on the same terms.

An appointment was made for the next day, and a note dispatched to the lady informing her that at last the tooth was found. At the given hour the gentleman entered the front office, and the lady, closely veiled, shortly after entered the rear, for it was a part of the bargain that the gentleman was not to see the lady. The tooth was extracted; the money paid, the stranger departed. Then the tooth was carefully cleansed and submitted to a delicate treatment to preserve its vitality, while the doctor was preparing the mouth of the lady for its reception. It was soon inserted and in the course of three of four hours had immovably taken root in its new home. In a few days the operation was pronounced a complete success, and Miss ——— became the happiest of girls.

Now for the sequel. With a woman's curiosity she was continually speculating as to whom the tooth belonged, and the gentleman in turn was cudgeling his brain for some means to ascertain the whereabouts of his tooth, which had turned the tide of his affairs so luckily. For with the money it had brought him he had made a fortunate purchase of stock, and step by step he had gone on with his rapidly accumulating capital, he had a snug little bank account and patronized a fashionable tailor. Chance threw him into a select party one evening where Miss ——— happened to be present, and he commenced recounting his adventure. When he smiled and pointed to the vacant place in his mouth where the tooth had once had its home, Miss ——— gave a little shriek and her secret was discovered. It is rumored that out of this dental operation a veritable love match will shortly result; and in fashionable Oakland circles this romance of a tooth is just now the all-absorbing topic.

FINGER NAILS.

The nails of the human hand have a language of their own, and the manner of keeping them is eloquent. Some keep them long and pointed, like reminiscences of claws, some pare and trim and scrape and polish up to the highest point of artificial beauty; and others, carrying the doctrine of nature to the outside limit, let them grow wild, with jagged edges, broken tracts, and ragnails, or "back friend," as the agonizing consequences.

Sometimes you see the most beautiful nails, pink, transparent, filbert-shaped with the delicate filmy little half-moon indicated at the base—all the conditions of beauty carried to perfection, but all rendered of no avail by dirt and sloveliness; while others, thick, white-ribbed, square, with no half-moon, spotted like so many circus horses with "gifts" and "friends" and the like—that is, without beauties, and with positive blemishes—are yet pleasant to look at for the care bestowed upon them, their dainty perfection of cleanliness being a charm in itself.

Nothing, indeed, is more disgusting than dirty hands and neglected nails, as nothing gives one such a sense of freshness and care as the same members well kept.

For Sale—One fresh milch cow. Can be seen at the farm of Mr. John Troutman, four miles northwest of Decatur, on the Mt. Pulaski road. aug29w3t*

WAITING FOR LUCK.

Ho! ye who are listless and moping,
Sit dismally twirling your thumbs,
And gloomily waiting and watching
For something that thus never comes;
You might just as well, foolish mortals,
Expect you'll by lightning be struck;
One will happen as soon as the other!
Don't stand around waiting for luck.

There's a saying—a good and a true one—
(Take courage you poor one who delves
With a stout heart so bravely) that 'Heaven
Will help those who first help themselves;'
And you'll find, if you wish a good fortune,
A pretty good way is to tuck
Up your shirt sleeves and start out and find it;
Don't sit around waiting for luck.

You may pine and mope on forever—
Find fault and deplore your hard fate—
But you'd better remember the proverb
And act on it ere it's too late;
You may pout and grumble forever—
Just so long you will find you are stuck
In the mire of sloth and abasement—
Don't sit around waiting for luck.

There is wealth to be had—go and seek it!
And with it get honor and fame;
By the sweat of your brow you can gain them,
And carve for yourself a proud name;
But to do this takes tact and ambition,
Persistency, hope—and some pluck.
Are you ready?—then lose not a moment!
Don't sit around waiting for luck.

WOULDN'T YOU?

He told me my face was the purest
And fairest he ever had known;
The bobolink envied my singing,
The nightingale mimicked its tone;
The dimples they quarreled with cherries,
Just under eyes tender and blue;
My tresses, they angered the sunbeams;
I smiled on him then, "wouldn't you?"

He told me my fingers were dainty;
My lips only modeled to kiss;
"And would I give one of the sweetest
For such a poor bauble as this?"
Maybe I ought to not 've done it,
But he looked so lovesome and true,
And the ring was so pretty I took it,
And gave him a kiss, "wouldn't you?"

He told me there was a cozy cottage
Just down near the rocks by the sea,
Where the sweet roses nodded a welcome,
And mocking-birds waited for me
With himself, of course, for the master
'Twas made plenty large for us two;
I forgot what I said, but I'm thinking
I kissed him again, "wouldn't you?"

Disfranchised.

A lady in Madison, Wis., not exactly posted on the word "disfranchised," was told that Mr. Smith was disfranchised, and she wanted to know how long he had "been so." On being informed that he had been so for about four years, she said she didn't see how that could be, for Mrs. Smith had a child only two years old.

The Governor of Texas gets a salary of $4,000 per year, Lieut. Governor $8 per day during the regular session of sixty days of the Legislature, and $4 if the session is extended. Secretary of State, $2,000; Attorney General, $2,000; Treasurer, $2,000; Land Commissioner, $2,000; Adjt. General, $2,000. There are over one hundred clerks in these offices who draw from $50 to $100 a month.

DEMOREST'S SUMMER PATTERNS.

Demorest's "What to Wear," 15 cents.
" Portfolio of Fashions, 15 cents.
Just received at LINN & SCRUGGS'.
May 10-d&wtf

George Robinson, living near Bethany, Moultrie county, was stung by a honey-bee, about an inch below the eye, Sunday afternoon. In a few minutes he was attacked by spasms, which continued about two hours, when he died in great agony.

Don't You Forget It!—For if you are BILIOUS, or are troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA or CONSTIPATION, MALARION WILL CURE YOU. 75 cents per bottle. All druggists sell it.
Dec. 6—wtf

It will be to your advantage to call and see HENRY SHEPHERD, before arranging with others to cut your pattern, or make your suits to *suit*. wtf

Sewing Machine Needles, of all kinds at J. S. HAND & Co.'s,
Next door to Post Office.
June 9 wtf.

DAVIS NURSERIES.
150,000 Apple trees, all sizes; 200,000 Hedge Plants, large size; 50,000 Maples and Evergreens, fine; 10,000 Concord Grapes, strong; 25,000 Peach, Cherry, Pear, small fruits and ornamental shrubs. Prices and catalogues free. ORDER NOW. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur, same day they are dug—"an item."
H. W. DAVIS,
Box 111, Decatur, Ill.
N. B.—High bred fowls and eggs for sale. feb8 1877weowtf.

Wall-Paper! Wall-Paper!!
Five thousand rolls just received direct from the manufacturers, elegant designs, and the very latest styles, at the *very lowest prices*. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere; it will pay you.—We will take pleasure in showing you, even though you do not purchase.—Remember the place, next door west of Postoffice, at J. S. HAND & Co.'s
Book and Music Store.
Also Window Shades and Fixtures, a full assortment. [mar7wtf

Dermal cures chapped hands and lips, and all chafing, redness, roughness or soreness of the skin at once. It is delightfully perfumed, pleasant to use, and costs but 25 cents per bottle. All druggists keep it.
Dec. 6—wtf

When You Buy Homeopathic Medicines be sure you get the regular preparations, such as physicians use. A full line of these on hand from Luytics Homeopathic Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ills.
apr26-wly.

L. L. FERRISS

DOWN COME
THE PRICES OF
BURT'S
BOOTS
AND
SHOES.
Don't think of buying anything else, as the prices of BURT'S are now so Low that all can afford to wear them.
L. L. Ferriss,
Exclusive Agent,
NO. 18
EAST MAIN STREET
DECATUR, ILL.
Dec. 18, 1877 dtf



OUR STOCK of
SEASONABLE GOODS
Now Complete.
"HARD-PAN"
PRICES.
They all go to
FERRISS'S
SHOE STORE
for entire satisfaction in foot-gear.
L. L. FERRISS,
BOOT
AND
SHOEIST,
Decatur, Illinois.

THE ONE-PRICE CASH HOUSE
—OF—
HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.
NO. 25 NORTH WATER STREET.

OUR NEW 5 CENT PRINTS ARE GEMS.
" " 7 CENT PRINTS ARE BEAUTIFUL.
" " 10 CENT PERCALES ARE ELEGANT.
" " 12½ " " ARE STUNNERS.
" " LINEN SUITS ARE CHEAP.
" " PARASOLS ARE SPLENDID.
" " EMBROIDERIES, AT 25 CENTS, ARE
THE BEST EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY.

Our New Stock of Goods, complete in all lines, CANNOT be BEAT IN ILLINOIS for Variety and Low Prices.
Decatur, May 24, 1878—d&wtf

HARDWARE
—AND—
STOVES.
"CHARTER OAK" COOK STOVES.
FOR COAL AND WOOD,
Made from the BEST IRON, BEST PATTERNS, WARRANTED TO LAST LONGER, and at prices as low as any other manufactory, at
CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.

A Choice Stock Building Hardware
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
NAILS, $2.75 PER KEG, CASH.
White Lead, Oils, Chemical Paint, Building Paper, Granite Ware, Tin and Pressed Ware, Clothes Wringers, Barb Fence Wire, Forks, Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels and
MANTLES AND GRATES,
—AT—
CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.
Decatur, Ill. Jan. 10, 1878—wtf

ANOTHER CUT DOWN!
S. EINSTEIN
NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET
Now offers the whole of his Summer Stock at prices suitable to the times.

20c Dress Goods for	12½c
25c " "	15c
30c " "	20c
35c " "	25c
40c " "	30c
30c Jeans	20c
Fruit of Loom	8½c
"Lonsdale"	8c
4-4 Hill's	7½c
"Our Own"	6c
4-4 Heavy Brown for	7c
4-4 Light "	6c
Best Calicos	5c
15c Toweling	10c
Best Cheviot Shirting for	12c

In addition to this list there are in every department some special bargains that will repay you to look at
July 12-d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XII. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, SEPT. 5, 1878. NO. 6

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEORGE R. SHIRLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

[illegible] given to all kinds of collec[illegible] Money to loan on real estate. [illegible]

J. N. RANDALL, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

[illegible] Northwest corner of North Main [illegible] streets, just west of the Postoffice [illegible]

D. M. BLATHE,

DENTIST.

[illegible] Opera Block, over R. D. Lewis's [illegible] Residence, southwest cor. William [illegible] street. All work warranted. [illegible] 1878 d&wtf

JEAN F. WEBB,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

[illegible] in Chancery, Decatur, Illinois, [illegible] Water street. Upstairs. [illegible] 1878 d&wtf

I. N. B. CURTIS,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. [illegible] Specialty. [illegible]: Pedcord & Burrows, [illegible] Millikin & Co., bankers, A. T. Hill, [illegible] Bank, John Ulrich, wholesale grocer; [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Elm & [illegible], Capt. R. P. Lytle, Postmaster. [illegible] d&wtf

FRANK W. HAINES,

BILL POSTER, DISTRIBUTOR,

AND

AGENT SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE.

[illegible] at the Republican [illegible] Room

S. [illegible], M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OCULIST AND AURIST

[illegible] Dr. J. W. Routh, Decatur. Office [illegible] Main street [illegible] Residence No. 22 West [illegible] street [illegible]

JOSIAH M. [illegible],

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

[illegible] over the Decatur National Bank. Special attention to matters in Probate and [illegible] Decatur, Ill., Apr. 6, 7[illegible] d&wly

D. C. DAWKINS

DENTISTS

[illegible]

A. ROBERTSON SMALL, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

[illegible] East Main street, up stairs. Resi[illegible] South Union street, Decatur, Ill. [illegible] Women and Children. Mar28 d&wtf

MAXWELL & WALKER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Notaries Public. Deeds, Mortgages and [illegible] contracts written. Loans [illegible] per cent interest on farm [illegible] Macon and adjoining counties. All [illegible] Office on [illegible] Post Office. Sept8 '76d&wtf

BUNN & PARK, D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 11 East Main street, up stairs, Decatur, Illinois. April '76-tf

BROWN & TAIT, [illegible] Brown, Felix B. Tait, Master in Chancery. Notary Public

Attorneys-at-Law,

[illegible] North Water street, over Fenton's [illegible] store, Decatur, Ill. Collections and all business promptly attended to. [illegible]

P. E. SPARKS, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST.

[illegible] Post Office, Decatur, Ill. All calls [illegible] responded to in the city or country, [illegible] Residence, Franklin street, first [illegible] Isaac Shellabarger's. [illegible]

D. [illegible] WALTZ,

DENTIST

[illegible] over Barber & Co's Shoe Store, East Main [illegible] Residence No. 40 North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. Jun18'73d&m*

[illegible] HOSKINS,

DENTIST,

Offers his professional services to the people of [illegible] and vicinity. Work guaranteed [illegible] Office over Hellman's grocery [illegible] Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois. May '75d&wtf

HARVEY PASCO,

Attorney at Law,

And Notary Public, Solicitor of Collections, Bankruptcy and War Claims. Office over [illegible] Shoe Store, East Main street, Decatur, Ill. Special attention given to Bankruptcy and [illegible] collecting business. Jun1'75d&wtf

[illegible] STERRETT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Office southeast corner of the Old Square, [illegible] formerly occupied by S. G. Malon, Esq., over W. C. Armstrong's Drug Store. [illegible]

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER, F. R. Eldridge, J. C. Hostetler.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Office over Newell & Hammer's Grocery Store. Jul'71d1y

A. BROWER BUNN,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

Office in Central Block, over Wingate's [illegible] Merchant street. Aug'75. [illegible]

I. A. BUCKINGHAM.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur, Illinois. April'72dtf

H. F. CHILDS.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Professional calls made at any hour during the day or night. Office at Hildebrandt's Drug store. Aug18'77-wtf

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

WHERE is the new hotel to be

AUTUMN flowers are now in full bloom

THE Illinois annual conference of the M. E. Church meets this year at Jacksonville, Oct. 2d, Bishop Merrill presiding

THE gravel walk on the west side of Water street, between North and Eldorado streets, is getting tolerably solid, so that people do not avoid it as much as they did.

THE extensive carpet warerooms of Abel & Locke are crowded with admiring customers daily, who declare that their stock is the finest they ever saw, and that their prices cannot be discounted

PHYSICIANS represent the sanitary condition of the city as being very favorable for this season of of the year, which perhaps is a little remarkable considering the excessive hot weather through which we have passed

FREIGHT cars coming from the south on the Central road bear marks of a fumigating process to which they are subjected at Cairo or some point south. The process, whatever it is, gives them a smoky appearance

A GOOD job is being done on West Main street in the line of ditching and grading, which will greatly improve that thoroughfare in every respect. The cleaning of the side ditches and raising the street in the middle will go much to exempt it from deep mud in the spring and fall

THE fine feed which the pastures of the county are furnishing this summer will get beef cattle in fine condition for slaughtering, so that among the other luxuries of the season we will have good meat

EVERY candidate for office in the county feels sure of an election. This comes from the fact that each man talks only with his friends, and he forgets that the other fellow's friends may be too many for his friends. Somebody is bound to be disappointed

LATE planted potatoes are coming in well and will be as abundant as the earlier varieties. Thus far there are but slight indications of damage from disease or the potato bug. The crop promises to be unusually large and of excellent quality

A PECULIAR kind of beetle has made its appearance in Harp township, De Witt county. They came in droves thicker than the locusts in '68. The hogs devour them with avidity and it seems that they are a cure for cholera. All hogs that eat them get well. The people consider them a god-send. Cholera has been raging to a great extent in that vicinity, and the hogs were dying without number. Where they came from is a question, but the facts can be substantiated

FOUND—Outside the city limits, about one week ago, a physician's medicine case, which the owner can have by paying for this notice.

PETTY THIEVING.—There seems to be a good deal of stealing on a small scale in the village of Blue Mound lately. Some scamp broke into the residence of Mr. E. T. Clements a few days ago and purloined therefrom about twenty cans of gooseberries. Raids are also made upon peach orchards and chicken coops, and from the amount of mischief done in a small mean way it would seem as if the devil was let loose in that region of country

REDUCED FARE.—The Wabash Railway Co. will sell tickets to the St. Louis Exposition and Fair at the following rates, the exposition opening on Monday, Sept 9th, and continuing five weeks, the fifth week being the St. Louis Fair proper. From all stations in Illinois during the exposition at one fare, with bridge and fair ticket added, and on one day in each week will sell from stations in Indiana and Ohio at one and one-fifth fare for round trip during fair week from all stations at one fare for the round trip

LIVER IS KING.

The liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

Aug 9-d&weot

Lost—In Decatur, or between Decatur and Warrensburg, an enameled gold buckle, with initials "K. L. F." $5 reward will be paid for its return to J. J. Funk, Warrensburg. d&w1*

Lost—Aug 30th, about noon, a mile or two east of Decatur, a woolen lap robe, red, gray and white striped, bound with red. The finder will please return to this office [Aug. 31-d1w2*

A LONG JOURNEY.—Mr. George Ward, who lives about four miles south of Decatur, will start for Colorado with a team, taking his family along. He expects to be forty days on the road. He has fitted him up a wagon with a water-proof covering, and will have things very comfortable for so long a journey.

[From Thursday's Daily.

MAYOR PRIEST AND THE WABASH RILWAY CO.

A difficulty has arisen between Mayor Priest and Mr. R. L. Perry, as agent of the Wabash Railway Company in the matter in controversy. It seems that when the rolling mill was removed Mr. Perry bought all the cinders, iron scales and other matter on the grounds occupied by the mill and its yard. Subsequently the city bought, under the administration of Mayor Chambers, the cinders, and as that gentleman stated before the council a few weeks ago, Perry reserved the iron scales. These cinders have been used by the city as they have been needed from time to time. According to the contract between the rolling mill company and the city, when the mill was removed the grounds reverted to the city, and in process of time Mr. Perry was notified to remove from the grounds whatever remained there of his. Mr P. set himself to work to carry out the order, and it is claimed by Mayor Priest has also removed cinders included in the purchase by the city. Accordingly a notice was served on Mr. P. to remove nothing more as he had already taken all that he reserved, but as he took a different view of the question of the matter in controversy, he continued the removal of the debris from the grounds. To prevent this Mayor Priest a day or two ago, took up a part of the track over which the cars passed in taking away the cinders, which of course suspended operations for the time being.—After the taking up of the track, by some means a car belonging to the Wabash road got across the street railway track, between the terminus of Cerro Gordo street and the depot platform, cutting off the approach of the horse cars to the depot. As Mayor Priest is the principal proprietor of the street railway, it is reasonable to presume that the taking up of the Wabash track at the rolling mill site had something to do with the car getting across the track of the street railway.—We understand, also, that the Mayor has been ordered by the railroad officials to take up forthwith so much of his horse railroad track as lies on the railroad company's grounds

Thus the matter stands, and we understand that the members of the city council are divided in opinion as to the merits of the controversy, and we presume the matter will find its way into the courts for settlement

SCHOOL FOR HOMELESS GIRLS.—The readers of the REPUBLICAN may not be aware of the existence at South Evanston, Illinois, of a State School for homeless girls, which has been doing a good work for the unfortunate class for whose benefit it was originated. The association has a vice president in each congressional district of the state, and an assistant vice president for each county. Mrs. Dr. H. C. Johns, of this city, has been appointed to the last-named position for Macon county, and as the school, at the present time, is in particular need of funds, Mrs. Johns, we presume, will at once enter upon some plan for canvassing the county in the interest of the institution for the purpose of raising money to replenish the treasury of the association having the school in charge. We commend the matter to the favorable attention of the ladies of the city and county, expressing the hope that they will co-operate cordially with Mrs. Johns in the work she has in hand. The manner of conducting the school, and full particulars, may be learned from her.

From Friday's Daily

A FATAL ACCIDENT.—*One Man Killed and two Dangerously Hurt.*—Last evening a very serious accident occurred near Illiopolis, which proved fatal to one man, and seriously injured two others. Two farmers' teams were driving home from town, and when some distance out from the village the wheel of the rear wagon dropped into a deep hole, throwing the driver out upon the ground, when the wagon ran over him, injuring him quite seriously. The horses were frightened by the dropping of the wheel and the falling of the man, and started to run. They soon overtook the forward team and jumped into the wagon in which were three men. Two of the occupants of this wagon were badly hurt by the frightened horses, and one of them died this morning. The other may survive, as may also the man who was thrown from the rear wagon.—Our informant failed to give the names of any of the men

From Friday's Daily.

FIRE ALARM.—The alarm of fire sounded about eleven o'clock this forenoon, was occasioned by the igniting of the gas from a gasoline stove in the kitchen of Mr. L. R. Cain's residence, on South Main street. The flames took hold upon some clothes lying upon the floor and ran up the side wall of the room, and were getting under good headway when a liberal dash of water brought them under control and extinguished them. The entire damage will amount to only a few dollars. After the bell at No 1 headquarters had ceased ringing, the No. 8 bell took up the alarm, creating an impression that there was a fire in that direction, and the Rescue boys and Young America Hook and Ladder company got out their apparatus and started in that direction, but came to a halt between the old square and Water street and returned to [illegible]

MACON COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.

August Term, 1878

THURSDAY, AUG. 29

Court convened at 8½ o'clock, and acted upon the following cases:

Wm. Bush was brought into court and arraigned on an indictment for forgery. J. A. Brown, Esq., having been appointed to defend him, moved to quash the indictment. The motion was sustained by the court, the indictment quashed and the prisoner discharged

The Henkle case was then resumed.—The prosecution having rested their case at the adjournment last evening, H. Crea, Esq., made the opening statement for the defense, after which Dr. R. L. Walston was called to the witness stand. His examination occupied the entire forenoon, and was pending at adjournment.

From Friday's Daily.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.—For several weeks Miss Carrie Rogerson, of St. Louis, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Shanks, wife of Master Mechanic Shanks of the Wabash Railway. During her stay here she has made many warm friends among the young people of our city, and some of whom conceived the idea of giving the young lady a surprise. In pursuance of this purpose, Miss Della Whitsel and Mr. "Hi" Boyer, assisted by others, arranged for a quiet party, to come off at the residence of Mr. Shanks, last evening. The young people gathered at the residence of Mr. Whitsel, on North Broadway, taking with them well-filled baskets; and here they drew up in solid column preparatory to the raid upon the place where their young friend was stopping. At nine o'clock sharp, the word "forward" was given, and the surprisers took up their line of march to the place of destination in the northeast part of the city. When they arrived at the house the tap of the bell brought some one to the door, and the besieging party—thirty strong—marched in, greatly to the surprise of Miss Rogerson. Her quick perception took in the situation at a glance, and, though surprised, she maintained her self control and received her young friends with the utmost urbanity. Leonard's orchestra had been engaged for the occasion, and the evening was spent in dancing and social chat. At about 12 o'clock the contents of the well-filled baskets were spread upon the table, and the party regaled themselves with a repast that would have been creditable to a palace. The occasion was a most enjoyable one, and will be remembered by those participating as being among the pleasantest of their lives.

YOU MUST CURE THAT COUGH.

With Shiloh's Consumption Cure you can cure yourself. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all diseases of Throat and Lungs, it is absolutely without an equal. Two doses will relieve your child of Croup; it is pleasant to take and perfectly harmless to the youngest child, and no mother can afford to be without it.—You can use two-thirds of a bottle and if what we say is not true we will refund the price paid. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per bottle. If your lungs are sore or chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.

Feb 26-d&weot

Have you Dyspepsia, are you constipated, have you a Yellow Skin, Loss of Appetite, Head Ache—if so don't fail to use SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER. It is guaranteed to relieve you, and will you continue to suffer when you can be cured on such terms as these? Price, 10 cts. and 75 cts. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Illinois. [Feb 26-d&weot

Wells' Persian Perfume, "HACKMETACK," is rich and fragrant. Try it.—Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.

Feb, 26-d&weot

From Friday's Daily.

GREENBACK CONVENTION.—A meeting of delegates from a portion of the townships of the county met this forenoon at the office of Justice F. L. Wood for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend a county convention to be held at Maroa Sept. 5th, to nominate candidates for the legislature and county offices.

W. T. Beadles was chosen chairman and W. Renshaw, secretary.

The following delegates were appointed: J. Green, M. P. Funk, Fred. Aholtz, W. T. Beadles, D. P. Keller, J. G. Harnsbarger, J. Vangundy, J. Williamson and C. Merris.

The convention then adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock, at the opera house, to listen to an address from General E. N. Bates, National candidate for State Treasurer.

From Friday's Daily.

DISCHARGED.—Mace Gruber, who was arrested a few days ago on a charge of complicity with his brother Charles in the robbery of William Hyatt, had a hearing before Justice Peake yesterday afternoon. His brother was brought from jail to testify in his favor, and though Hyatt swore positively to the complicity of Mace in the robbery, the latter was released, as the preponderance of testimony went to show that he took no part in the robbery.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents, in this city, by Rev. J. Leaton, MR. HERBERT H. WHEELOCK and MISS LULU SOL[illegible]

From Saturday's Daily.

THE HENKLE TRIAL.

The Case Submitted Without Argument.

On the opening of court this morning Mrs. Henkle was placed upon a lounge in the court room on account of indisposition, she having been unable to sit up but little for the last two days. Had she been able it was the intention of her counsel to place her on the witness stand this morning. Mr. Crea, of counsel for the defendant, announced to the court that he had sent for Dr. Sibley, Mrs. Henkle's attending physician, to get his opinion as to whether it would be safe for her to take the stand. Dr. A. J. Stoner and Dr. J. Brown were also consulted as to the same matter. These medical gentlemen were united in the opinion that defendant was too sick to attempt to testify.

It was then proposed by defendant's counsel to submit the case without defendant's testimony, both sides waiving argument. Upon consultation the counsel for the prosecution accepted the proposition, and the counsel on both sides proceeded to prepare their instructions.

The preparation of the instructions occupied the time to 3 o'clock, and were not then ready. The jury will probably get them near the close of the day

From Saturday's Daily

The Greenback Mass Meeting

About one hundred and fifty people gathered at the opera house yesterday afternoon to listen to Gen. Bates, the candidate of the Nationals for state treasurer. The General is a speaker of only moderate abilities, and if he is well posted on the financial question he lacks a faculty of communicating to others what he knows himself. After a harangue of an hour or more we doubt if there was any man in the house that could retain a clearly defined and well understood proposition in connection with the address, so far as any financial scheme was concerned. Among other things said by the speaker was that the bonded debt of the country had steadily increased for the last two or three years, and that the pretended reduction of the national debt consisted in retiring greenbacks, which were the circulating money of the country.—These non-interest bearing notes of the government had been destroyed, while interest-bearing bonds had been allowed to stand, and the issue of new bonds had increased the national debt to the amount of many millions of dollars. Besides the genuine greenbackers there were present quite a sprinkling of Republicans and Democrats.

From Saturday's Daily.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

The funeral of Miss Sarah E. Bristow took place yesterday afternoon from Stapp's Chapel. The large church was crowded with those who desired to pay their last tribute of respect to the departed. The floral offerings brought by sympathizing friends were many and beautiful, and were most tastefully arranged around the altar and upon the casket. The words, "Rest in Peace," were woven in evergreen and placed in front of the pulpit.

The deceased was a graduate from the High School, and her classmates and members of the High School in general were largely in attendance.

The services were conducted by Rev. S. MacBurney, who delivered a most interesting address from the words, "Blessed are the Dead that Die in the Lord."

At the conclusion of the discourse an opportunity was given for all who desired to view the face of their young friend, and a large proportion of the audience did so, and while they filed passed the casket containing the sacred relics tears fell plentifully from many eyes.

After the ceremonies at the church the remains were taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment, followed by a long procession of friends.

From Saturday's Daily.

BOUND OVER TO KEEP THE PEACE.—Peter Moran and John Shields live on opposite sides of the line dividing Long Creek from Mt. Zion, and are not very far apart. For some time past they have not been on the best of terms, and the latter claims that the former has recently made some remarks which indicated that he had intentions upon his life. Not relishing the idea of living in mortal fear, Moran caused a peace warrant to issue against Shields, and the latter was brought before Justice Peake yesterday afternoon to answer to the charge. The testimony was to the effect that the two men met somewhere in the vicinity of their homes, and that Shields had a gun. Some conversation took place between them, in the course of which Shields said that it was a mighty good chance to shoot an Irishman. The parties separated without bloodshed, but Moran construed the remark of Shields to be a threat upon his life; hence the warrant and trial. Upon hearing the case the defendant was held to bail in the sum of $300, in default of which he was committed to jail.

In the course of the trial a little matinee came off between Tommy Lee, Moran's counsel, and Shields, the latter taking exception to some remark by the attorney, drew off to give him a sockdologer. The attorney parried the blow, and was about to give one in return, when parties present interfered and restored tranquility to the [illegible]

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM MINNESOTA.

A Land of Lakes, Rich Soil, Pure Air, Filled with good People and crammed with Energy.

LAKE CITY, MINN., Aug. 26, 1878.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Minnesota is a grand country in very many of the essential features of a habitable region. I thought a few items from this section of the New Northwest might be acceptable, and even relishable, to the many readers of your popular REPUBLICAN.

Minnesota embraces within its borders nearly *seven thousand* lakes, most of which are as beautiful and desirable as crystal water, pebbly shores and grassy or wooded slopes can make them—all filled, by Nature, with most of the choicer varieties of fresh-water fish, such as black and white bass, pike, pickerel, perch, muscalunge, "buffalo," and many others, whose "meat" is as solid, white and fine-flavored as in any waters of the earth.

The soil in nearly all sections of the state is very rich, and the finest wild grasses may be had for the cutting almost everywhere; though, in the older settled portions of the state, all kinds of tame grasses are raised, and produce abundantly. Of course, wheat is the *principal* product here, as corn is in Illinois; yet, all the small grains are abundantly raised, and even corn, while not considered a "money-crop," does well, with but an occasional mishap at the hands of old King Frost, which is no more frequent, however, than in northern Illinois.

The state this year has been blessed with a rush of immigration, some sixty thousand souls having found comfortable and beautiful homes along our western and northern borders. The grasshoppers were a great scourge for three seasons throughout probably one-fourth part of the cultivated portion of the state, but they left us last year, and this year, whilst the rain and heat greatly reduced the wheat crop in most parts of the wheat districts, yet the state has an abundance and to spare of everything common to her fine soil and climate.

Our school system is one of the many blessings we enjoy, and all over the land there is a "temple of learning" within reach of her children—of all grades, from the State University, colleges, Normal schools, seminaries, etc., down to the humble district school, presided over by a Normal graduate.—The school fund of the state is perpetual in its resources and liberal in its donations, and the largest, in proportion to the population, of any state in the Union.

There are to be two grand state industrial exhibitions during the first days of September—the Northwestern Industrial Exposition at Minneapolis, and the State Fair at St. Paul. James G. Blaine, of Maine, delivers the address at the former, while President Hayes and a hundred other high officials will pay a formal visit to the latter, and an informal one at the former. There is to be the third fair of importance held at Lake City, four days, beginning September 18th. It is a Union Fair, two counties across the lake (lake Pepin) in Wisconsin and two in this state being the four principal parties to the union.

Lake City is situated on the Minnesota side, and midway on lake Pepin, and is the market town for one of the richest regions in this state, as well as for a large extent of country over in Wisconsin, opposite here. There is about 3,500 population, and claims to be the prettiest little city in the northwest; and, so far as I know, its claim cannot be disputed, though that is saying a good deal in a country that is famous for its beautiful cities and towns.

Of course, from such a young, enterprising, rushing, beautiful and growing state as this is, I might write your paper full of very readable matter. Several letters teeming with interest, might be written from St. Paul and Minneapolis alone—two as rich, handsome and go ahead cities of their size as the country can boast of—as well as from a hundred other interesting points in the state. But, fearing I have already trespassed on your space, I will close for this time. I will merely add that if any of your readers are looking about for a desirable country in which to find a home—among a liberal, energetic and intelligent people—I would certainly suggest that they give Minnesota a call and "examine her 'goods' before purchasing elsewhere."

Yours, with respect,

THOMAS P. RUSSELL,

DIED.

On the evening of Friday, Aug. 30th, at the parent's residence, little EDITH, infant daughter of Amos and Elizabeth Chapman, aged 17 months.

On Wednesday night Aug. 28th, 1878, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Ellen Shipman, on W. Main street, of consumption, SARAH E. BRISTOW, aged 20 years.

Deceased had been in failing health for nearly a year, but it was not until a few weeks ago that friends abandoned hope of her recovery. She was a young lady of amiable qualities, and had many warm friends, who will sincerely regret her early death. She was a graduate from the High [illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WORSE AND WORSE.

THE FEVER STILL SPREADING.

Unable to Bury the Victims Fast Enough.

Sickening Scenes in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Sept. 2.—The ravages of the fearful pestilence become more fearful with each hour. The Howards report seventy-eight deaths of patients nursed by them since Saturday evening. Four persons were found dead to-day, one in the rear of Faires' residence, his face partly eaten by rats; two in the old Library building, near the theater, and one in a house on Union street. They died without any attendance. A young lady has been lying dead since yesterday at No. 14 Adams street, and three are sick with fever in the rooms beneath. As yet she has not been removed. A Mrs. Miller reports her husband's body ready to burst, it having been in her house since yesterday, and she writes a note saying she does not know what to do. It will soon be so that the the remains cannot be placed in a coffin. Her servants have fled, and she is alone with her dead husband. The total death list of the Howards since the 15th of August numbers 374. This does not include any nursed by other orders. The Rev. George C. Harris has been sick for two days, and has a very bad case. Postmaster Thompson's case has taken a bad turn. H. Landrum, of the Avalanche, is not yet very sick. F. R. Brennan, of the Appeal, had a relapse last night, and the chances are against him. N. D. Menken, a prominent merchant, died at sunset. Chief of Police Athey, taken Saturday night, has a very bad case. Dr. W. R. Hodges has a bad case. Ed. J. Mansford died yesterday, the first of the Howards to go to the grave. Major Butler Anderson, the noblest of the noble, died at Grenada to-day, and the Howards have sent down for his remains. Mrs. Voegelli, wife of the shoe merchant, has the fever at Bartlett, twelve miles in the country. Mrs. Woelter died five miles out yesterday. The fever has spread all over Chelsea, the northern suburbs, Fort Pickens, the southern part of the city, and also in the Estival Park neighborhood, and it is sweeping its victims into the grave with swift velocity. Miss Grace Flaherty died this afternoon. It is getting to be a question whether there be people enough to bury the dead. The fever has broken out at Brownsville, fifty miles up the Louisville Road, and a stampede of the people followed.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 3.—Only two physicians had made reports of new cases up to noon to-day. They report eighteen cases undertaken, and fifty-one yellow fever interments up to noon. Father McNamara, of St Patrick's Church, died this morning. The remains of Butler P. Anderson, member of the Memphis Howard Association, who died at Grenada yesterday afternoon, were brought to this city and buried this morning. Drs. Joseph Yates, A. R. Spencer and T. Granger Simons, of Charleston, S. C., have arrived, and tendered their services.

The condition of our city to-day beggars description. While the list of new cases reported is only about sixty, the death rate has amounted to eighty-six. Bodies were discovered to-day in out-of-way places, which have from appearances been dead several days. One peculiarity manifested among the sick is a desire to seclude themselves, while among the poor there is unreasonable fear of being sent to the hospital or infirmary, hence the discoveries of to day.

NEW ORLEANS, September 3.—A perpetual drizzle, modified by thunder and chilly north wind at midday, bodes disaster to the sick, and threatens to swell the list of the 497 children already dead. At quick intervals through the entire day the unfortunate have been dropping off, first a fair young bride, daughter of H. S. Bucker. She took the fever early in July, ostensibly recovered, and has repeatedly appeared upon the scene since. Few realize how treacherous is yellow fever. Over-exertion brought a relapse, and nearly instant death. At No 237 Chartres St. three died within an hour, and the Sanitary Officer preparing to fumigate for the first two was compelled to desist until the third one breathed his last—All day long the few cases in the desert of disease were invaded. One locality which yesterday boasted of immunity to-day is filled with delirious patients. An impression is gaining ground that a favored few have more than they can do, while other physicians equally competent are comparatively idle. It is insisted that no doctor can do justice to more than twenty patients, and that it is essential each should be seen three and even four times a day. As the work is distributed this is impossible, and hence the assertion made openly upon the streets that as many die through lack of care as from disease.—The increase was greater to-day than yesterday. In other respects the situation is the same.

OMAHA, Sept. 2.—In a drunken row in a beer garden, last night, Auta Kotiza, Bohemian, was stabbed in the neck, the knife severing the jugular vein. He died almost instantly. Several others were wounded. The supposed murderer has been arrested.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The excursion steamer Princess Alice, returning from Gravasend, this evening, with 800 passengers, was run down, off Barking, about 8 o'clock, by a screw steamer. It is reported that between 400 and 500 persons were drowned.

MIDNIGHT.

The Princess Alice was struck amidships and sunk almost immediately. The number of persons drowned is variously estimated at from 500 to 550. The higher estimate is the latest, and is given by the London Steamboat Company, the owners of the Princess Alice. The company's wharf is besieged by crowds of people anxious to hear of relations and friends who were passengers on the ill-fated boat.

The steamer which sunk the Princess Alice is supposed to be the Bywell Castl, a screw collier, bound north, in ballast. The steward of the Princess Alice states that after the collision the other steamer proceeded, without attempting to render aid. He estimates that seven hundred persons were on board the Princess Alice. She sunk bow first in five minutes after she was struck.—Some small boats and another excursion steamer rendered what assintance was possible.

The drowned include an extraordinary proportion of women and children. Several survivors speak of having lost as many as three, five and six children. They describe the water as covered with hundreds of shrieking people. The Captain and nearly all of the crew of the Princess Alice were drowned; had no time to lower boats, and there were but few life buoys on the steamer. All the police of Woolwich town and arsenal were engaged last night labeling corpses, chiefly women and children, which completely fill the board room at the steamboat company's offices at Woolwich. A passenger who scrambled on board the Bywell Castle, says she threw ropes to people struggling in the water. The number lost is still uncertain. Comparisons of various accounts seem to show about 550.

The Princess Alice was a paddle wheel steamer with raised saloon. Her gross tonnage was 251, and that of the Bywell Castle 1,726.

VICKSBURG, MISS., Sept. 3.—Twenty-three white and thirteen colored died to-day. Delhi reports twenty-six cases and twelve deaths to-day; Greenville seventy-five cases and fourteen deaths to date; and Goodrich Landing, forty miles from here, four deaths to-day.—The increase in deaths is due to the greater malignancy of the fever and the scarcity of doctors and competent nurses. One physician reported 100 visits and sixty new cases to-day. No other reports are in, doctors being too busy to stop. The situation is getting desperate.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 31.—Andy Armstrong, late mate of the John Porter, the Ohio river steamer, arrived here to-day. He is the only survivor left of the entire crew who remained on board, and the picture he paints of the terrible fate of the Porter is horrible in the extreme, recalling in some of its ghastly details the ancient mariner of yore. The men who shipped at Louisville were all taken down before they reached Cincinnati, himself excepted. He says the situation of things frightened away both nurses and doctors. At Gallipolis, O., people with shot-guns prevented the boat from landing, and when his last companion died, they would not permit him to come ashore to bury the body, which was cast into the river. Armstrong was given $50 and fled here where his family live. He thinks the disease which is mowing down so many is not yellow fever, but fearfully contagious whatever it may be.

KANKAKEE, ILL., Aug. 31.—Hon. James P. Slade, candidate for State Superintendent, was in attendance upon the County Teacher's Institute yesterday, and, besides participating in the general exercises, where he displayed a practical knowledge of the working of the school room and exhibited special adaptation for teachers' work, he delivered an admirable essay on "school government." Mr. Slade received the warmest commendation from the teachers and others in attendance. In the evening he delivered an address to a promiscuous audience on "Our Common Schools," and confirmed with his hearers the impression he had previously made upon the teachers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 31.—The Baltimore workingmen, also, have declined to give Kearney any official reception. They waited until after his Washington speech before they defined their position, and decided that it was too violent and Communistic for their indorsement.

The reports of the interview between Kearney and the President, published in New York, are in many respects the most audacious perversions of facts.—Some of them represent the President as approving and encouraging the course of Kearney, when the fact is he severely denounced it.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—Alfred H Spink, a young reporter of this city, who left here three weeks ago for that ill-starred city, Grenada, Miss., as special correspondent to the New York *Herald*, returned to-day. He brings nothing new, but says the condition here, present and past, is simply beyond description. There is and has been nothing for the last six weeks but misery, desolation and death. Mr. Spink thoroughly disinfected himself at Holly Springs, where he burned all his clothing and personal effects. He is quite well and is regarded as something of a hero.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-office, at Decatur, Macon co., Illinois, Sept. 4, 1878.

Agniel L A	Moon Job
Bartholomew Nettie	McCormick Miss
Bush Wm	McCabe Robert
Burlingame E A	Randall F K
Brewer Mrs Ella	Shanks J
Chatman Miss L	Shepherd Miss Lillie
Cunningham Jennie	Solloger Gotlelb
Casner Miss Melvina	Sites Jacob
Daily J T	Staples Miss Jennie
East W C	Smith Laura Jane
Floyd C A	Stover Wm
Hines M Jr	Windlin Geo W
Hines Rebecca Miss	Wilson J F
Kingry L W	Wagner John T
Mudge I R	

R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Librarian's Report for August.

	No. of books loaned	3,282
Av.	" " " daily	122
	" visitors registered	5,102
Av.	" " " daily	190
	" borr's. reg. to Sept. 1	5,720
Fines, etc., collected		$5.10

R. L. EVANS, Librarian.

MACON COUNTY C. T. U.

DECATUR, ILL., Sept. 4, 1878.

At the last meeting of the Macon county Christian Temperance Union, the following gentlemen were elected delegates to the State Temperance Convention, to be held at Pekin, Sept. 10, 1878

C. J. Holt, Rev. S. McBurney, J. W. Tyler, Michael Eichinger, Geo. Connard, Capt W. E. Bingham, H. W. Davis, Joshua Green, W. L. Bankson and D. K. Wilson.

Delegates will please call at the Priest House, in Decatur, for their credentials

GEO. CONNARD,
Sec. Macon Co. C. T. U.

AFTER THE BANKRUPT LAW, WHAT?

The Chicago *Legal News*, after speaking of the expiration of the National bankrupt law, and expressing the belief that it will tend to revive business, says

Among the many important questions that will come before the next Legislature of this state will be, What relief, if any, shall be extended to insolvents? Some will be in favor of a stay-law, while others will be in favor of a more liberal exemption of property from liability to execution and forced sale.—Others no doubt will be in favor of a state bankrupt law. Massachusetts has had a state bankrupt law for many years, in fact the law now just expiring, which has become so odious, was for the most part taken from the Massachusetts law. Vermont, in contemplation of the repeal of the United States bankrupt law, has recently passed a state bankrupt law, which is among the longest laws ever passed by that state. We doubt if the Legislature of this state, with the memory of the present bankrupt law fresh in the minds of the people, will for some time to come pass a state bankrupt law. The policy of our state is to allow a debtor to have certain articles exempt from execution and forced sale. The law passed in 1877, requiring a debtor to schedule his property when an officer presents him with an execution, and making all his property liable to execution upon failure so to do, when enforced by a dishonest officer, deprives the debtor and his family of any exemptions whatever. This law needs to be amended.

LETTER FROM GENERAL GRANT.

The following letter from ex-President Grant, addressed to an army officer who was formerly attached to his staff, is made public in the San Francisco *Post* of August 21:

BERLIN, Germany, July 1, 1878.

MY DEAR MAJOR—The several letters you have written me, with all their inclosures, have come regularly to hand, and have been received with great pleasure. I have been very negligent about answering, but you must forgive that. We are now on our way north through Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Russia. In the fall we expect to visit Spain and Portugal, and then settle down for the winter at some pleasant place, probably the south of Italy. In the spring I shall go back to the United States and settle down for life; where, it is not yet determined. My whole trip abroad has been exceedingly pleasant. As yet not a single unpleasant incident has occurred. Every place, in every nation, and by all classes of society, from rulers to the working people, the greatest civility has been shown me, and the profoundest respect expressed for our country and countrymen. As pleasant as everything has been, however, I long for the time to come when I am to return home. I would go back after visiting Spain and Portugal in the fall (I will have visited every country in Europe, Egypt in Africa, Syria and Asia Minor in Asia) only that I have no place to go. By waiting until spring I can go to my Long Branch home, and have the summer for preparing a winter home. * *

Yours, truly,

U. S. GRANT.

DOCTORS GIVE HIM UP.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters, and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! If that is so, I will go this minute and get some for my poor George. I know hops are good."

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood and Gives Strength.

DU QUOIN, ILL., Jan. 21, 1878.

MR H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—Your "Vegetine" has been doing wanders for me. Have been having the *Chills and Fever*, contracted in the swamps of the South, nothing giving me more relief until I began the use of your Vegetine, it giving me immediate relief, toning up my system, purifying my blood, giving strength; whereas all other medicines weakened me and filled my system with poison; and I am satisfied that if families that live in the ague districts of the South and West would take Vegetine two or three times a week, they would not be troubled with the *"Chills"* or the malignant *Fevers* that prevail at certain times of the year, save doctors' bills, and live to a good old age.

Respectfully yours,
J. E. MITCHELL,
Agent Henderson's Loans, St. Louis, Mo.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—If VEGETINE will relieve pain, cleanse, purify, and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health, after trying different physicians, many remedies and suffering for years, it is not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can be truly called the *Great Blood Purifier*. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention

VEGETINE

Has Entirely Cured Me of Vertigo.

CAIRO, ILL., Jan. 23, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir, I have used several bottles of "VEGETINE;" it has entirely cured me of *Vertigo*. I have also used it for *Kidney Complaint*. It is the best medicine for Kidney complaint. I would recommend it as a good blood purifier. N. YOCUM.

PAIN AND DISEASE. Can we expect to enjoy good health when bad or corrupt humors circulate with the blood, causing pain and disease; and these humors, being deposited through the entire body, produce pimples, eruptions, ulcers, indigestion, costiveness, headaches, neuralgia, rheumatism, and numerous other complaints? Remove the cause by taking VEGETINE, the most reliable remedy for cleansing and purifying the blood.

VEGETINE

I Believe it to be a Good Medicine.

XENIA, O., March 1, 1877.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir, I wish to inform you what your Vegetine has done for me. I have been afflicted with *Neuralgia*, and after using three bottles of the Vegetine was entirely relieved. I also found my general health much improved. I believe it to be a good medicine.

Yours truly, FRED HAVERSTICK.

VEGETINE thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

VEGETINE.

DRUGGIST'S REPORT.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—We have been selling your "Vegetine" for the past eighteen months, and we take pleasure in stating that in every case, to our knowledge, it has given great satisfaction.

Respectfully, BUCK & COWGILL,
Druggists, Hickman, Ky.

VEGETINE

IS THE BEST

Spring Medicine.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists

Sept. 5, 1878—wlw

Otto E. Curtis. Edgar F. Ewing.

CURTIS & EWING

JEWELERS!

SUCCESSORS TO OTTO E. CURTIS.

17 East Main Street, DECATUR, ILLS.

September 3, 1878—dwtf

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
Macon County,

Macon County Circuit Court.

The Moline Plow Company vs. Augustus A. Murray and Cornelia P. Murray—Foreclosure.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the December term, A. D. 1877, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on Monday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1878,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the foot of the principal stairway leading from Water street to the court room, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Commencing at the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section No. eleven (11), township No. sixteen (16) north, range two (2) east of the third P. M., running thence from said southwest corner east twenty-four (24) rods, thence north forty (40) rods, thence west twenty-four (24) rods, thence south forty (40) rods to the place of beginning, containing six (6) acres, subject to a reservation of thirty feet in width along the west side and south end of said tract of land set apart for a public street, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 14th, 1878.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill.
CREA & EWING, Solicitors for Complainant.
Aug. 15—w4w

'CHEAP CHARLEY'

—THE—

POOR MAN'S FRIEND!

ONE PRICE ONLY.



No Misrepresentation.

"CHEAP CHARLEY,"

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND, IS THE

BOSS CLOTHIER!

BECAUSE he MANUFACTURES Good Clothing, suitable for every age, occupation and condition of mankind. He marks every garment in plain figures, and makes

NO DEVIATION IN PRICE.

A child can buy as cheap as the most expert man. In selling goods, they not only warrant every garment to be as represented, but should the purchaser after some inspection become dissatisfied with either fit, material or price, he

WILL CHEERFULLY EXCHANGE,

or pay back the purchaser's money, provided always that goods are returned in good order and in reasonable time.

CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

We aim to keep constantly an unlimited stock suitable for every day and Sunday wear, at prices that cannot fail to prove satisfactory to every buyer. In

YOUTHS' AND MENS' CLOTHING,

We display an endless variety of suits and separate garments, substantially made, handsomely trimmed, appropriate for either Labor, Business or Dress, at such Low Prices as to continually challenge but never produce successful competition.

BOOTS AND SHOES

are sold at prices of the manufacturers, and

Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods

always of latest styles, at Chicago Jobbing Prices after addition of freight

ONE PRICE, C. O. D., TO ALL,

and buying for 21 different branch stores enables us to retail at Wholesale Prices and guarantee a saving of from 20 to 50 per cent.

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH,
Factory 72 North Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILLS.

September 3, 1878—dawtf

LOOK!

THINK AND ACT!

Having bought the entire Stock and fixtures formerly belonging to

THEODORE A. GEHRMANN

Bankrupt, I offer this stock for sale at RETAIL; and as I am determined to dispose of the goods as soon as possible, I have given orders in the store to sell at such prices that will please everyone.

COME EARLY, as there are lots of bargains, which will go off quickly.

STOCK CONSISTS OF

Black and Colored Silks, Satins,
Cashmeres, Alpaccas, Empress Cloth,
American Dress Goods, Prints,
Linen Fronts, Jeans, Flannels,
Table Linen, Blankets, Cassimeres,
Crash, Shawls, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
Gloves, Plumes, Hats, Bonnets,
Ribbons, Laces, Flowers, etc., etc.

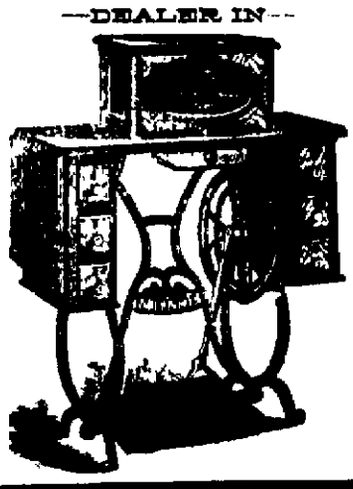
C. A. GEHRMANN.

Decatur, August 10, 1878—dw1m.

GEO. P. BLUME,

—DEALER IN—

The Singer WHITE, VICTOR STEWART, AND DAUNTLESS SEWING MACHINES!



SUPPLIES AND ATTACHMENTS

Sewing Machines Repaired,

AT THE

SINGER OFFICE

Opposite Postoffice.

May 13—d&wtf

$4. TELEPHONES!

For short lines my Accoustic Telephone is the best in use. I have a test line 1 mile in length that transmits the voice with such power as to be heard in all parts of an ordinary room.—Send 3c. for Illustrated Circulars.

J. R. HOLCOMB, Mallet Creek, Ohio.

Aug. 15—w4t

PENSIONS All Soldiers is disabled, Widows of those who die from the service, all 14 day soldiers of 1812, and their *Widows* can get Pensions. Write to A. W. McCORMICK, Cincinnati, O., for circulars showing rights. Pensions increased. Success or no fee. 11 & 18w4w

ESTRAY NOTICE.

TAKEN UP BY H. W. RIGHT AT his residence in the town of South Macon, in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1878, an ESTRAY MARE, described as follows, to-wit: A gray mare, supposed to be about 7 years old; a scar or mark on the rear part of the right hind foot; no other marks visible. Valued at $30.

H. W. WAGGONER, County Clerk.

Aug. 22—w3w

MEN

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®